Prison Rape Elimination Act (PREA) Audit Report
Adult Prisons & Jails

☐ Interim   ✕ Final

Date of Report   November 3, 2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Auditor Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name: Thomas Eisenschmidt</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company Name: Click or tap here to enter text.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mailing Address: 26 Waterford Lane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City, State, Zip: Auburn, New York 13021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone: 315-730-3980</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Facility Visit: September 20-22, 2017</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name of Agency: Texas Department of Criminal Justice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Governing Authority or Parent Agency (If Applicable): State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Physical Address: 861-B I-45 North,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City, State, Zip: Huntsville, Texas, 77320</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mailing Address: P.O. Box 99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City, State, Zip: Huntsville, Texas, 77342</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone: 936-295-6371</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is Agency accredited by any organization? X Yes  ☐ No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>The Agency Is:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☐ Military</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Private for Profit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Private not for Profit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Municipal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ County</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>X State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☐ Federal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Agency mission: The mission of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice is to provide public safety, promote positive change in offender behavior, reintegrate offenders into society and assist victims of crime.

Agency Website with PREA Information: https://www.tdcj.texas.gov/publications/index.html#PREA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency Chief Executive Officer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Name: Bryan Collier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title: Executive Director</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email: <a href="mailto:Bryan.Collier@tdcj.state.gov">Bryan.Collier@tdcj.state.gov</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone: 936-437-2101</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Agency-Wide PREA Coordinator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name:</th>
<th>Lori Davis</th>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>Director, Correctional Institution Division</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Email:</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Lori.Davis@tdcj.state.gov">Lori.Davis@tdcj.state.gov</a></td>
<td>Telephone:</td>
<td>936-437-2170</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PREA Coordinator Reports to:** Executive Director  
**Number of Compliance Managers who report to the PREA Coordinator:** 91

### Facility Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name of Facility:</th>
<th>Torres-Ney Complex</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical Address</td>
<td>125 Private Road 4303 Hondo, TX 78861/114 Private Road 4303 Hondo, TX 78861</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone Number:</td>
<td>830-426-5325/830-426-8030</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**The Facility Is:**  
- [□] Military  
- [□] Private for profit  
- [□] Private not for profit  
- [□] Municipal  
- [□] County  
- [X] State  
- [□] Federal  

**Facility Type:**  
- [□] Jail  
- [X] Prison

**Facility Mission:** The mission of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice is to provide public safety, promote positive change in offender behavior, reintegrate offenders into society and assist victims of crime.

**Facility Website with PREA Information:** https://www.tdcj.texas.gov/publications/index.html#PREA

### Warden/Superintendent

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name:</th>
<th>Darren Wallace</th>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>Senior Warden</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Email:</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Darren.Wallace@tdcj.state.gov">Darren.Wallace@tdcj.state.gov</a></td>
<td>Telephone:</td>
<td>830-426-5325 ext. 4100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Facility PREA Compliance Manager

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name:</th>
<th>Claudia Loera</th>
<th>Title:</th>
<th>Unit Safe Prisons PREA Manager</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Email:</td>
<td><a href="mailto:Claudia.Loera@tdcj.state.gov">Claudia.Loera@tdcj.state.gov</a></td>
<td>Telephone:</td>
<td>830-426-5325 ext. 4328</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Facility Health Service Administrator
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name: Rachel Romine</th>
<th>Title: Practice Manager</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Email: <a href="mailto:rbromine@utmb.edu">rbromine@utmb.edu</a></td>
<td>Telephone: 830-426-5325 ext. 4265</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Facility Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of inmates admitted to facility during the past 12 months</td>
<td>797/1162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of inmates admitted to facility during the past 12 months whose length of stay in the facility was for 30 days or more:</td>
<td>709/1152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of inmates admitted to facility during the past 12 months whose length of stay in the facility was for 72 hours or more:</td>
<td>796/1150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of inmates on date of audit who were admitted to facility prior to August 20, 2012:</td>
<td>183/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age Range of Population: 18-68/18-65</td>
<td>Youthful Inmates Under 18: 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adults: 1357/549</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are youthful inmates housed separately from the adult population?</td>
<td>Yes ☐ No ☐ X NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of youthful inmates housed at this facility during the past 12 months:</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average length of stay or time under supervision:</td>
<td>42mos/26mos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Facility security level/inmate custody levels:</td>
<td>G1, G2, G4/G1, G2, IPTC.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of staff currently employed by the facility who may have contact with inmates:</td>
<td>276/123</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of staff hired by the facility during the past 12 months who may have contact with inmates:</td>
<td>81/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of contracts in the past 12 months for services with contractors who may have contact with inmates:</td>
<td>1UTMB/1Gateway</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Physical Plant

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Buildings: 16/10</th>
<th>Number of Single Cell Housing Units: 0/0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of Multiple Occupancy Cell Housing Units:</td>
<td>12/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Open Bay/Dorm Housing Units:</td>
<td>4/9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of Segregation Cells (Administrative and Disciplinary):</td>
<td>7/3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Description of any video or electronic monitoring technology (including any relevant information about where cameras are placed, where the control room is, retention of video, etc.):

No Cameras at the Ney Unit. Cameras at the Torres Unit include Housing, Entrance Ways and Common areas for a total of 64. The auditor viewed areas having VIDEO monitoring capabilities and found no privacy concerns.

### Medical
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Medical Facility:</th>
<th>Torres - Ambulatory medical and dental services. All services on a single level, including CPAP accommodating. Ney - Ambulatory medical and dental services. All services on a single level, including CPAP accommodating housing.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Forensic sexual assault medical exams are conducted at:</td>
<td>Baptist Hospital, Methodist Hospital and University Hospital. Depending on who has a SAFE/SANE Nurse on duty at the time of need.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of volunteers and individual contractors, who may have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:</th>
<th>13/32 Contractors/ 257 Volunteers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of investigators the agency currently employs to investigate allegations of sexual abuse:</td>
<td>139</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Audit Narrative

The auditor’s description of the audit methodology should include a detailed description of the following processes during the pre-onsite audit, onsite audit, and post-audit phases: documents and files reviewed, discussions and types of interviews conducted, number of days spent on-site, observations made during the site-review, and a detailed description of any follow-up work conducted during the post-audit phase. The narrative should describe the techniques the auditor used to sample documentation and select interviewees, and the auditor’s process for the site review.

The Prison Rape Elimination Act on-site audit at the Torres Ney Complex in Hondo, Texas was conducted September 20-22, 2017, by Thomas Eisenschmidt a United States Department of Justice Certified PREA Auditor for adult facilities. This was the second PREA audit for the Complex. The facility had a successful PREA audit in 2014. The auditor wishes to extend his deepest appreciation to Warden Darren Wallace and the staff at the Complex for their professionalism, hospitality, and kindness. The auditor also wants to compliment Sergeant Claudia Loera, Safe Prisons PREA Manager at the Complex for her outstanding work in organizing the files that were provided to the auditor in advance of the on-site audit. This assisted the audit and the auditor to move forward very efficiently.

The pre-audit preparations consist of a thorough review of all documentation and materials submitted by the facility that included the “Pre-Audit Questionnaire”. The documentation reviewed by the auditor included agency policies, procedures, forms, posters, pamphlets, brochures, handbooks, educational materials, training curriculums, organizational charts, and other PREA related materials the facility provided to demonstrate compliance with each PREA standard.

Because the PREA audit was done at the conclusion of an ACA audit the auditor had the opportunity to examine the physical plants at the beginning of the week. While touring the Complex the auditor observed the notices of this PREA audit in all the buildings, as well as posters that called attention to the agency’s Zero Tolerance Policy and how and to whom to report allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. During this physical plant review the auditor reviewed camera placement, blind spots, staff placement, and documentation to assist in determining standard compliance. All housing units, day rooms, offender program areas, work areas, and all other areas were toured. While touring offenders and staff were questioned about their knowledge of PREA standards, procedures for reporting, services available, and their responsibilities. All staff and offenders informally interviewed during the tour acknowledged receiving training/information for reporting sexual abuse, sexual harassment, and/or retaliation for reporting.

The PREA audit began with an entrance meeting being conducted on Wednesday, September 20, 2017 at 11:30 a.m. in the Facility Visiting Room. The following staff attended the entrance meeting:

Darren Wallace, Warden I
John Cirone, Assistant Warden
Juan Nunez, Major
Sean Clark, Captain
Christopher Garcia, Captain
Vernet Davis, Captain
Following the entrance meeting, the auditor began the interview portion of the audit. Prior to the on-site visit the facility supplied a list of offender names sorted by housing units, those with limited English, and those with targeted designations. A list of employees and contractors was also provided to the auditor. From these lists the auditor selected at random, a sampling of offender and staff to be interviewed. It was from these lists the auditor selected the targeted and random individuals to be interviewed. These random staff and offender interviews were conducted in private offices.

A total of 44 staff members were interviewed during the course of this on-site audit. Staff interviews consisted of: 12 randomly selected correctional security staff members covering all shifts, 2 volunteers, 2 contract employees, 3 intermediate or higher level supervisors, 20 specialized staff members that have multiple roles that encompasses all specialized staff interviews. Since all staff at the complex is trained as first responders when questioned each was well versed in their areas of responsibility regarding responding to PREA allegations. Non-security staff questioned knew that once the offender was secured their next responsibility was to contact a security staff member.

There were 57 offenders interviewed during the on-site visit. Thirty one (31) offenders were randomly selected and twenty six (26) were targeted. The targeted group consisted of twelve (12) acknowledging prior victimization, ten (10) from the LGBTI community, two (2) reported sexual abuse and two (2) limited English. Each of the offenders interviewed acknowledged receiving PREA training and written materials outlining the agencies zero tolerance policies towards sexual abuse, sexual harassment, and retaliation for reporting, as well as the procedures for reporting during intake. The limited English proficient offenders interviewed confirmed receiving the PREA training and written materials in languages they could understand. During interviews with the offenders that had self-reported as being LGBTI they all reported that staff treated them equitably before and after self-reporting and well never placed in any housing specifically designated for any group. The interviewed offenders stated if they had to file a PREA complaint the facility would respond appropriately to their complaint and that all PREA complaints are taken very serious by staff.

The auditor selected and carefully examined a random sampling of personnel files, staff training files, and volunteer/ contractor files. The personnel files were very well organized. The main personnel files are kept in Huntsville. No staff is hired or allowed entrance until a thorough background is completed. The training records were also very complete and included written documentation that staff, contractors, and volunteers received the required PREA training. The auditor also viewed signed “Training Acknowledgement Form” documenting that the staff understood the PREA training received.

The auditor also selected and examined a sampling of offender files and observed documentation of the offender receiving PREA education, as well as documentation of risk screenings

All investigative files were reviewed during the on-site visit and appeared to thoroughly document the investigation process per agency policy. Criminal investigative referrals were documented and proper referrals were made when warranted. All sexual abuse cases were referred to the Office of the Inspector General who evaluated each case to see if elements of a crime existed. The Torres-Ney Unit had 9/2 (9 at the Torres Unit, 2 at the Ney Unit) PREA allegations made in the last twelve months all alleging sexual abuse. The Torres Unit had eight (8) sexual abuse allegations. Six (6) were allegations against staff and two (2) were allegations against other offenders. All were determined to be unsubstantiated at the conclusion of the investigations. There is one case still pending with OIG although the facility made a determination of unsubstantiated in their investigation. The Ney Unit had two (2) allegations of sexual abuse made during the last twelve months. One allegation made against staff and one allegation made against another offender. Both of these allegations were determined to be unsubstantiated at the conclusion of the investigations.
There was one (1) sexual abuse allegation made at the Torres Unit in the last twelve months involving a staff member. At the conclusion of the investigation the allegation was unsubstantiated. There were no sexual harassment allegations made at the Ney unit.

TDCJ publishes their investigative policy on its website (https://www.tdcj.texas.gov/publications/index.html#PREA). The site gives an overview of their PREA Policy and provides additional information by clicking on the topic hyperlink.

At the conclusion of the on-site visit an exit meeting was held to discuss the audit findings. The following people were in attendance:

Darren Wallace, Warden I  
John Cirone, Assistant Warden  
Juan Nunez, Major  
Sean Clark, Captain  
Christopher Garcia, Captain  
Vernet Davis, Captain  
Claudia Loera, Unit Safe Prison Sergeant  
Harry Sanchez, Region IV Safe Prisons

The auditor explained the process that would follow the on-site visit. The auditor also explained that any standard findings of “Does Not Meet” during the audit would require corrective action and a possible follow-up visit to determine compliance. Finally, the auditor acknowledged the willingness of all staff involved to accomplish PREA compliance and advised the PREA team of their requirements to post the final report on the agency/facility website once completed.

Facility Characteristics

The auditor's description of the audited facility should include details about the facility type, demographics and size of the inmate, resident or detainee population, numbers and type of staff positions, configuration and layout of the facility, numbers of housing units, description of housing units including any special housing units, a description of programs and services, including food service and recreation. The auditor should describe how these details are relevant to PREA implementation and compliance.

The Ruben M. Torres Unit was dedicated on January 15, 1993. The Texas Department of Criminal Justice Board of Directors named the unit in honor of the first Hispanic to serve on the Texas Board of Pardons and Parole. Mr. Torres was previously the Superintendent of the Port Isabel Independent School District and was the Cameron County Representative to the House of Representatives.

The Joe Ney Unit Substance Abuse Felony Punishment Facility (SAFP) was dedicated on February 24, 1995 and was named in honor of Sheriff Joe Ney. Sheriff Ney served as Medina County Sheriff from 1890 to 1910. When the Ney Unit opened, it came under the jurisdiction of the Institutional Division of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice. Approximately one year later, the State Jail Division came into existence and at that time, all SAFP’s came under the jurisdiction of State Jails Division. On April 1, 2003, the Ney Unit’s Mission was changed from a substance abuse facility to a State Jail/Transfer Facility. On February 1, 2004, the Torres/Ney Unit Complex was formed under one administration.
On November 1, 2007, the Ney Unit’s mission was changed again to Institutional Division with the introduction of 360 beds committed to the In Prison Therapeutic Community (IPTC), a substance abuse program mandated as a pre-parole condition.

The Ruben M. Torres Unit has a housing capacity of 1,384 male offenders who have sentences of two years or greater. The Unit is a prototypical unit of several TDCJ units of similar design. Within the perimeter of the Torres Unit there are 11 large buildings. One first enters the Administration Building then proceeds through the Control Room to the Education Building. The next building is a complex building that includes the laundry, commissary, food service and medical then on to the Line building, which includes offices and segregation. Other buildings include a large print shop, a gymnasium, four cellblock dormitories, and one open bay dormitory building. There are 7 restricted housing cells. There are also some smaller buildings at the front gate, the back gate and there is a small maintenance area within the compound.

The Joe Ney Unit has a housing capacity of 576 male offenders. There are three Housing Units with three wings of dorms. There are also three restricted housing cells. Program offenders serve less than a year prior to their parole or release date. The facility is located in the Southern part of Texas approximately 30 miles from San Antonio, Texas. Within the perimeter (buildings and back fence) of the Ney Unit there is a large recreation infield area, which is surrounded by buildings. The Administration Building is to the front. To the right, as you walk through the Administration Building and the Control Room and onto the large recreation compound, you observe the MTC therapeutic community. To the left of the Administration Building, there is a long building complex that houses maintenance, property, laundry, food service, commissary, education, and health service. The back fence forms the last side of the square encompassing the recreation area in forming a perimeter for the Ney Unit.

The two units are situated on 350 acres of rural farm land. The Torres Unit has a number of services and programs including: Canine Tracking, Scent Specific and Cadaver Canines, a fully operational Print Shop that provides Governmental Agencies with printing needs, Community Service Squads that provide various services to the local schools districts, city and county agencies, and multiple Educational and Vocational training programs for offenders.

Selected offenders are designated to participate in a culinary arts program at the San Antonio Food Bank and assist in the preparation of food for many of the charitable organizations in the Bexar County area and surrounding communities.

The Mission of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice is to provide public safety, promote positive change in offender behavior, reintegrate offenders into society, and assist victims of crime.

Facility Demographics

Rated Capacity:
Torres Unit: 1,384
Ney Unit: 576

Actual Population:
Torres Unit: 1,362
Ney Unit: 537

Average Population over the last 12 months:
Torres Unit: 1,362
Ney Unit: 551

Average Length of Stay:
Torres Unit: 7 years, 5 months
Ney Unit: 1 year, 3 months

Security/Custody Levels:
Torres Unit
Medium Custody: 224
Minimum Custody: 1,142

Ney Unit
Minimum Custody: 537

Age Range of Offenders: 18-70 (both units)

Gender: Male

Full-Time Staff: 443
Torres Unit: 288
Administrative Support: 62
Program: 0
Security: 226
Ney Unit: 152
Administrative Support: 24
Program: 17
Security: 102
Other: 9

Summary of Audit Findings

The summary should include the number of standards exceeded, number of standards met, and number of standards not met, along with a list of each of the standards in each category. If relevant, provide a summarized description of the corrective action plan, including deficiencies observed, recommendations made, actions taken by the agency, relevant timelines, and methods used by the auditor to reassess compliance.

Auditor Note: No standard should be found to be “Not Applicable” or “NA”. A compliance determination must be made for each standard.
Number of Standards Exceeded: 3

Number of Standards Met: 40

Number of Standards Not Met: 0

Summary of Corrective Action (if any)
Type text here...

PREVENTION PLANNING

Standard 115.11: Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by The Auditor to Complete the Report

115.11 (a)

- Does the agency have a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? X Yes □ No

- Does the written policy outline the agency’s approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment? X Yes □ No

115.11 (b)

- Has the agency employed or designated an agency-wide PREA Coordinator? X Yes □ No

- Is the PREA Coordinator position in the upper-level of the agency hierarchy? X Yes □ No
Does the PREA Coordinator have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all of its facilities?

X Yes  ☐ No

115.11 (c)

- If this agency operates more than one facility, has each facility designated a PREA compliance manager? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)  X Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

- Does the PREA compliance manager have sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility’s efforts to comply with the PREA standards? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)

  X Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

X Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

The Texas Department of Criminal Justice (TDCJ) has multiple policies addressing its zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment of offenders. The Agency primary comprehensive policy is the Texas Department of Criminal Justice Safe Prisons PREA Plan, dated August 2014. This specific document outlines TDCJ’s approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment in each of its facilities.

In September of 2016 Barbara King, certified PREA auditor, interviewed Lorie Davis as the Agency Head designee. She is also the agency wide Safe Prisons PREA Coordinator. During her interview she described how the Director has committed TDCJ to providing a safe environment for staff and offenders by insuring the PREA standards remain a top priority. She informed the auditor that any expansion or major facility modifications will continue to take into account the PREA Standards when considering design and installing video equipment.
As the Safe Prisons PREA Coordinator, Ms. Davis has six (6) regionally based Safe Prison/PREA Managers who report directly to her and to each of the regional directors where they are assigned. TDCJ has ninety-nine (99) Safe Prisons/PREA Managers designated as PREA Compliance Managers within each of their facilities. The interview conducted with the PREA Coordinator confirmed she had sufficient time and authority to coordinate the Agency efforts to comply with each of the PREA Standards. Her position is found on the Agency organizational chart, reporting directly to the Director.

Sergeant Claudia Loera, Unit Safe Prison PREA Manager, is the PREA Compliance Manager at the Torres-Ney Complex. She has been in her position for over 10 years. She is very knowledgeable and confident with the TDCJ policies, the PREA standards and the PREA process. She was extremely helpful to this auditor during the site visit. She detailed her PREA duties during her interview and also confirmed she has sufficient time to accomplish them. She has direct access to Warden Wallace and the Regional PREA Manager for any issues, questions or suggestions. During staff and offender interviews both the offenders and the staff at the Complex were knowledgeable of her position especially as the point of contact for any questions, concerns, reporting or information relating to PREA.

Standard 115.12: Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.12 (a)

- If this agency is public and it contracts for the confinement of its inmates with private agencies or other entities including other government agencies, has the agency included the entity’s obligation to comply with the PREA standards in any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)  X Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.12 (b)

- Does any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012 provide for agency contract monitoring to ensure that the contractor is complying with the PREA standards? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates OR the response to 115.12(a)-1 is "NO").  X Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

X Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*
Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Cody Ginsel, is the Director of Private Facility Contract Monitoring/Oversight Division for TDCJ and the individual who supervises the employee contract monitor at each contract facility and oversee the twelve private prisons within the Texas Department of Criminal Justice. His interview was conducted by Barbara King, a certified auditor in September 2016.

The facility contract monitor oversees all the operational practices, the contract practices, and the day to day operations of that particular facility. One of their primary responsibilities in monitoring is to make sure that the facility is PREA compliant. The agency has included in new contracts the requirement to adopt and comply with the PREA standards. The renewed contracts are modified to include the same requirement. The contract monitor's is also responsible for insuring the vendor is compliant with PREA Standards as well as TDCJ Policies and Procedures. The contract monitor completes a compliance review checklist for documentation. If anything of immediate risk is identified, the contract monitor takes immediate action to resolve the situation. All other concerns are documented with feedback provided to the vendor. The contract monitor would continue to monitor the concerns until compliance is met. All 12 private facilities under contract with TDCJ have completed their initial PREA Compliance Audit.

Standard 115.13: Supervision and monitoring

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.13 (a)

- Does the agency ensure that each facility has developed a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect inmates against sexual abuse? X Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency ensure that each facility has documented a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect inmates against sexual abuse? X Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration the generally accepted detention and correctional practices in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring? X Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration any judicial
findings of inadequacy in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring?  X Yes  □ No

- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration any findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring?  X Yes  □ No

- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring?  X Yes  □ No

- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration all components of the facility’s physical plant (including “blind-spots” or areas where staff or inmates may be isolated) in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring?  X Yes  □ No

- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration the composition of the inmate population in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring?  X Yes  □ No

- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration the number and placement of supervisory staff in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring?  X Yes  □ No

- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration the institution programs occurring on a particular shift in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring?  X Yes  □ No  □ NA

- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration any applicable State or local laws, regulations, or standards in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring?  X Yes  □ No

- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration the prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring?  X Yes  □ No

- Does the agency ensure that each facility’s staffing plan takes into consideration any other relevant factors in calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring?  X Yes  □ No

115.13 (b)
In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, does the facility document and justify all deviations from the plan? (N/A if no deviations from staffing plan.)

X Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

115.13 (c)

In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The staffing plan established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section? X Yes  ☐ No

In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The facility’s deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies? X Yes  ☐ No

In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan? X Yes  ☐ No

115.13 (d)

Has the facility/agency implemented a policy and practice of having intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment? X Yes  ☐ No

Is this policy and practice implemented for night shifts as well as day shifts? X Yes  ☐ No

Does the facility/agency have a policy prohibiting staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the facility? X Yes  ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

X Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)
Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

All facilities operated by TDCJ are required to develop, document, and make their best efforts to comply on a regular basis with a staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and video monitoring to protect offenders against abuse. The Torres-Ney Unit complies with this policy mandate found in SOPM 8.06 Security Operations Program Manual.

The auditor discussed and reviewed the Complex Staffing plan with both the Warden and the Safe Prison PREA Manager. Each was well aware of the staffing plan and detailed the annual staffing review conducted each Spring. The auditor was provided reviews for 2015, 2016 and 2017. The staffing review is assessed with the Regional Director, the Agency Safe Prisons PREA Coordinator, Safe Prisons PREA Compliance Manager, Warden, Assistant Warden, and Central Office Security Operations staff and then forwarded to the Director with any recommendations if warranted. These annual reviews take into account; generally accepted detention practices, the physical plant, offender population and prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated sexual abuse allegations along with the placement of video enhancements. Positions at the Complex must be filled with any deviations reported to the Warden who in turn is required to notify the Regional Director. The two major causes of these deviations were outside emergency hospital transport and constant direct observation (suicide watch). The facility provided documentation to the auditor showing posts being closed, the reason for it and the notification to the Regional Director.

All supervisors and upper level management staff at the Torres-Ney Complex, including the Warden, are required to make unannounced rounds. The shift supervisor rounds must be documented on the daily shift reports and in the housing unit log books. The Safe Prisons PREA Plan requires these unannounced and documented rounds. As a result of the interviews, with officers, offenders and mid-level supervisors, it was confirmed that unannounced rounds are done randomly throughout the facility by supervisors. A review of the written supporting documentation (roster and log entries) was also checked demonstrating compliance to the policy and standard requirements.

The supervisory staff indicated during their interviews that unannounced rounds are accomplished by staggering their round times and locations minimizing line staff ability to notifying other staff. TDCJ also has a policy that prohibits staff from notifying other staff about supervisor rounds. Staff that violates this directive face disciplinary sanctions.

Standard 115.14: Youthful inmates

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.14 (a)

- Does the facility place all youthful inmates in housing units that separate them from sight, sound, and physical contact with any adult inmates through use of a shared dayroom or other common space, shower area, or sleeping quarters? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].)  ☐ Yes  ☐ No  X NA
115.14 (b)

- In areas outside of housing units does the agency maintain sight and sound separation between youthful inmates and adult inmates? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) □ Yes □ No ☒ NA

- In areas outside of housing units does the agency provide direct staff supervision when youthful inmates and adult inmates have sight, sound, or physical contact? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) □ Yes □ No ☒ NA

115.14 (c)

- Does the agency make its best efforts to avoid placing youthful inmates in isolation to comply with this provision? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) □ Yes □ No ☒ NA

- Does the agency, while complying with this provision, allow youthful inmates daily large-muscle exercise and legally required special education services, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) □ Yes □ No ☒ NA

- Do youthful inmates have access to other programs and work opportunities to the extent possible? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates [inmates <18 years old].) □ Yes □ No ☒ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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There are no youthful offenders ever housed at the Torres-Ney Complex, therefore the standard is not applicable

**Standard 115.15: Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

**115.15 (a)**

- Does the facility always refrain from conducting any cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or by medical practitioners?
  - Yes ☑ No ☐

**115.15 (b)**

- Does the facility always refrain from conducting cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates in non-exigent circumstances? (N/A here for facilities with less than 50 inmates before August 20, 2017.) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA

- Does the facility always refrain from restricting female inmates’ access to regularly available programming or other out-of-cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision? (N/A here for facilities with less than 50 inmates before August 20, 2017.) ☐ Yes ☐ No ☑ NA

**115.15 (c)**

- Does the facility document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches? Yes ☑ No ☐

- Does the facility document all cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates? Yes ☑ No ☐

**115.15 (d)**

- Does the facility implement a policy and practice that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks? Yes ☑ No ☐

- Does the facility require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an inmate housing unit? Yes ☑ No ☐
115.15 (e)

- Does the facility always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex inmates for the sole purpose of determining the inmate’s genital status? X Yes □ No

- If an inmate’s genital status is unknown, does the facility determine genital status during conversations with the inmate, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner? X Yes □ No

115.15 (f)

- Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs? X Yes □ No

- Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct searches of transgender and intersex inmates in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs? X Yes □ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

□ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

X Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

□ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

*The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.*

As noted earlier the Torres-Ney Complex is an adult male institution. All searches conducted at the Complex must comply with Administrative Directive (AD) 03.22. This policy is also part of the curriculum presented to custody
staff at pre-service, in-service trainings as well as turnout. The policy and training restricts cross gender strip searches or cavity searches except in exigent circumstances and requires that each be documented if ever performed. 

During the random security staff interviews, staff were well aware of the policy and the requirements for these type searches if ever done, They indicated if it ever became needed the incident would be well documented including the reason for it and with appropriate approval. The further indicated the prohibition to strip transgender and/or intersex offenders for the sole purpose of determining genitalia. The Pre-Audit Questionnaire (PAQ) review and interview with Senior Warden Wallace indicated that no cross gender strip searches or cavity searches were completed at the Complex during the last 12 months.

During the initial tour the auditor found a few areas where offenders using rest room may be viewed. He pointed those areas out to Warden Wallace and the next day partitions were installed and checked by the auditor. Interviews with staff and offenders, and the re-tour by the auditor demonstrated that offenders have privacy provided by curtains and movable partitions, which allows them to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without staff of the opposite gender viewing their buttocks, or genitalia. The Torres Unit does have cameras inside the facility living areas as noted earlier. The auditor verified these cameras have no access to bathrooms or showers or in any way cause privacy concerns. The Ney Unit has no cameras.

The auditor did review staff training records for 2014, 2015 and 2016 with personnel staff. The documentation showed all staff at the Complex received training on conducting cross-gender pat-down searches of transgender and intersex inmates in a professional and respectful manner, and never for the purpose of determining genitalia status. The staff participating in the random interviews also confirmed this training.

The auditor toured the facility spending a significant amount of time in all the living areas at the facility. Approximately 34% of the staff is female at the Complex. Female staff was observed verbally announcing their presence upon entering the male offender living areas. Offenders also confirmed the practice as well during random and targeted interviews.

Standard 115.16: Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.16 (a)

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing? X Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are blind or have low vision? X Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect,
and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have intellectual disabilities? X Yes  ☐ No

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have psychiatric disabilities? X Yes  ☐ No

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have speech disabilities? X Yes  ☐ No

- Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Other (if "other," please explain in overall determination notes)? X Yes  ☐ No

- Do such steps include, when necessary, ensuring effective communication with inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing? X Yes  ☐ No

- Do such steps include, when necessary, providing access to interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary? X Yes  ☐ No

- Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have intellectual disabilities? X Yes  ☐ No

- Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have limited reading skills? X Yes  ☐ No

- Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Are blind or have low vision? X Yes  ☐ No
- Does the agency take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to all aspects of the agency’s efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to inmates who are limited English proficient? X Yes  ☐ No

- Do these steps include providing interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary? X Yes  ☐ No

115.16 (c)

- Does the agency always refrain from relying on inmate interpreters, inmate readers, or other types of inmate assistance except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the inmate’s safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate’s allegations? X Yes  ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (*Substantially exceeds requirement of standards*)

X Meets Standard (*Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period*)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (*Requires Corrective Action*)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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All facilities with TDCJ must follow Administrative Directives 04.25 (Language Assistance to Offenders) and AD-06.25 (Qualified Interpretive Services). The Torres-Ney Complex is no exception. These policies require the facility to take appropriate steps to ensure offenders, with disabilities (including offenders who are deaf or hard of hearing, those who are limited English proficient and low level functioning, those who are blind or have low vision, or those who have intellectual, psychiatric, or speech disabilities) have an equal opportunity to participate in and benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. At the time of the site visit the facility had no blind, deaf or learning-disabled offenders for the auditor to interview. For offenders with any hearing impairment, the PREA video presentation is provided in writing. The auditor did have the opportunity to interview two offenders with very low English proficiency. The auditor sought out an interpreter and both indicated they were provided PREA information that they could understand and acknowledged that they would know how to report any incident should it become necessary.
The Complex utilizes a list of staff (local and statewide) who may provide interpretive service including sign language if needed. The medical department UTMB also maintains a list interpreters as well as a contract service provider if needed. Each offender arriving at this Complex receives a facility orientation pamphlet, available in Spanish and English. This booklet is not only an overview of the agency/facility rules and general information but it details the Agency PREA policy as well. The pamphlet details how to report, to whom to report, and informs the offender he cannot be punished for reporting sexual abuse/ harassment.

**Standard 115.17: Hiring and promotion decisions**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.17 (a)

- Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the question immediately above? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the question immediately above? x Yes ☐ No

115.17 (b)
- Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone, or to enlist the services of any contractor, who may have contact with inmates?  x Yes  □ No

**115.17 (c)**

- Before hiring new employees, who may have contact with inmates, does the agency: perform a criminal background records check?  x Yes  □ No

- Before hiring new employees, who may have contact with inmates, does the agency: consistent with Federal, State, and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse?  x Yes  □ No

**115.17 (d)**

- Does the agency perform a criminal background records check before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?  x Yes  □ No

**115.17 (e)**

- Does the agency either conduct criminal background records checks at least every five years of current employees and contractors who may have contact with inmates or have in place a system for otherwise capturing such information for current employees?  x Yes  □ No

**115.17 (f)**

- Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions?  x Yes  □ No

- Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in any interviews or written self-evaluations conducted as part of reviews of current employees?  x Yes  □ No

- Does the agency impose upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct?  x Yes  □ No

**115.17 (g)**
Does the agency consider material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, grounds for termination? x Yes ☐ No

115.17 (h)

Does the agency provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such employee has applied to work? (N/A if providing information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee is prohibited by law.) x Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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All hiring and approved clearances for reporting at the Torres-Ney Complex is accomplished through their Central Office (Human Resources Headquarters) in Huntsville. The Human Resources Department follows guidelines issued in policies PD-75 (Applicants with Pending Criminal Charges or Prior Criminal Convictions), PD-73 (Selection Criteria for Correctional Officer Applicants), PD-71 (Selection Systems Procedures), PD-27 (Employment Status Pending Resolution of Criminal Charges or Protective Orders) and the Safe Prison PREA Plan. These policies require a criminal background check be conducted on everyone (employee, contractor, volunteer) who enters any Texas facility regardless if he/she has contact with any offender or not. These current specific hiring policies prohibit hiring or promoting anyone or enlisting the services of any contractor: (1) That engaged in sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution; (2) Anyone who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse, is prohibited entrance into any TDCJ facility.

A State Identification Number (SID) is created for each employee/contractor fingerprint working at this Complex. The system checks daily to ensure all SIDs are entered in the system and provides warrant checks every six months on each employee, generated the month of their birth date and six months after every year. The system also provides an automatic electronic notification to the agency when any criminal charges are brought against an
employee or contractor. In addition, the Safe Prisons PREA Plan and Standards of Employee Conduct mandates employees disclose, to the facility/agency, any sexual misconduct allegation made against them or face discipline for failing to do so.

Standard 115.18: Upgrades to facilities and technologies

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.18 (a)

- If the agency designed or acquired any new facility or planned any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, did the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)

  ☐ Yes  X No  ☐ NA

115.18 (b)

- If the agency installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, did the agency consider how such technology may enhance the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)

  ☐ Yes  X No  ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

X Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

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conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

There has been no substantial expansion since August 20, 2012 at the Torres-Ney Complex. They have not updated video monitoring equipment. As noted earlier the Ney Unit has no cameras and the Torres Unit has sixty four (64). Cameras located in the living areas at the Torres Unit do not present any privacy or cross gender-viewing issues.

If the Complex were to allocate additional funds for electronic equipment it would be required staff to follow Security Operations Program Manual (SOPM), 7.02 (Security Surveillance Systems). This policy outlines what process each facility must follow when relocating or adding any new video equipment. At a minimum the facility must include the Safe Prison PREA Manager when determining locations as well as a review of prior incident locations. Warden Wallace also confirmed that as in the past, the Safe Prison PREA Manager would have a prominent role in the location process for video equipment.

RESPONSIVE PLANNING

Standard 115.21: Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.21 (a)

- If the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, does the agency follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)
  x Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

115.21 (b)

- Is this protocol developmentally appropriate for youth where applicable? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)
  x Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

- Is this protocol, as appropriate, adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice’s Office on Violence Against Women publication, “A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents,” or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)
  x Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
115.21 (c)

- Does the agency offer all victims of sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations, whether on-site or at an outside facility, without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate? x Yes  □ No

- Are such examinations performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible? x Yes  □ No

- If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, is the examination performed by other qualified medical practitioners (they must have been specifically trained to conduct sexual assault forensic exams)? x Yes  □ No

- Has the agency documented its efforts to provide SAFEs or SANEs? X Yes  □ No

115.21 (d)

- Does the agency attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center? x Yes  □ No

- If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, does the agency make available to provide these services a qualified staff member from a community-based organization, or a qualified agency staff member? x Yes  □ No

- Has the agency documented its efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers? x Yes  □ No

115.21 (e)

- As requested by the victim, does the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews? x Yes  □ No

- As requested by the victim, does this person provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals? x Yes  □ No

115.21 (f)

- If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, has the agency requested that the investigating entity follow the requirements of paragraphs (a) through
115.21 (g)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

115.21 (h)

- If the agency uses a qualified agency staff member or a qualified community-based staff member for the purposes of this section, has the individual been screened for appropriateness to serve in this role and received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general? [N/A if agency attempts to make a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims per 115.21(d) above.] x Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

X Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Criminal Investigators from the Office of Inspector General (OIG) and Administrative Investigators from the Torres-Ney Complex are mandated by the Safe Prisons PREA Plan to adhere to investigative and evidence protocols based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice’s Office on Violence Against Women publication, A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents, or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011. Pursuant to Texas Government Code 493.019, the OIG has the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations within all TDCJ facilities.

The training these Investigators receives includes a course based on the National Institute of Corrections (NIC), "PREA: Investigating Sexual Abuse in Confinement Settings" training. Certified TDCJ staff provides it and the subject matter of this course includes protocols from the recent edition of DOJ "National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations" according to the curriculum. The mandated training is documented in each of the training records of the Administrative Investigators and the interview conducted with one of these
investigators detailed his training including the requirement that he follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for criminal prosecutions.

The auditor also had the opportunity to interview Investigator Gene McIntyre from the OIG. He detailed the sexual abuse investigative training for confined spaces he received. He confirmed to the auditor that his training included protocols from the recent edition of DOJ "National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations", interviewing victims, and use of Garrity and Miranda warnings. A copy of his training curriculum was also provided to the auditor.

Victims of sexual assault requiring a forensic examination while assigned to the Torres Ney Complex are taken to Baptist Hospital, Methodist Hospital or University Hospital. The hospital determination is made based on who has a SAFE or SANE Nurse on duty at the time of the need. Section 323.004 of Senate Bill 1191 requires any forensic exam conducted in the State of Texas must be conducted by a Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFE) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE) whenever possible. If a SAFE or SANE nurse is not available, a qualified medical practitioner must perform the examination. There were no offenders sent to any hospital for a forensic exam within the last 36 months.

The Torres Ney Complex has tried unsuccessfully to solicit services from a community rape crisis center. Because of this inability to secure community support Complex has trained Offender Victim Staff Representatives who do provide support to victims of sexual abuse when needed. The auditor interviewed one of these staff advocates and verified the training she and the other trained staff advocates receive. She told the auditor the one time training included among other things the forensic exam process. The auditor was informed that this staff advocate could and would accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews, providing emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals if necessary as outlined in the Safe Prisons PREA Plan.

The Complex did provide the auditor with solicitation letters requesting victim advocate services for their offenders.

Standard 115.22: Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.22 (a)

- Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual harassment? x Yes ☐ No

115.22 (b)

- Does the agency have a policy and practice in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior? x Yes ☐ No
- Has the agency published such policy on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency document all such referrals? x Yes ☐ No

### 115.22 (c)

- If a separate entity is responsible for conducting criminal investigations, does such publication describe the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity? [N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for criminal investigations. See 115.21(a.)] x Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

### 115.22 (d)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

### 115.22 (e)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

X Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Administrative and/or Criminal investigations must be conducted on every allegation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment as mandated in the Safe Prisons PREA Plan and in OIG policy 4.06. As previously noted, the Office of the Inspector General (OIG), which is a separate agency form TDCJ, is legally responsible to conduct all criminal investigations occurring within any TDCJ facility.

Administrative investigations, mandated by the Safe Prisons PREA Plan must be conducted by trained Torre- Ney staff by facility-trained staff for non-criminal sexual abuse cases and all sexual harassment cases. Interviews conducted with both the OIG Investigator and a facility Investigator confirmed that investigations are initiated and
completed on all allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment regardless of how the allegation was made or received. Administrative investigations are conducted on each allegation regardless if the OIG conducts a criminal investigation or not.

The Torres-Ney Unit had 9/2 (9 at the Torres Unit, 2 at the Ney Unit) PREA allegations made in the last twelve months all alleging sexual abuse. The Torres Unit had eight (8) sexual abuse allegations. Six (6) were allegations against staff and two (2) were allegations against other offenders. All were determined to be unsubstantiated at the conclusion of the investigations. There is one case still pending with OIG although the facility made a determination of unsubstantiated in their investigation. The Ney Unit had two (2) allegations of sexual abuse made during the last twelve months. One allegation made against staff and one allegation made against another offender. Both of these allegations were determined to be unsubstantiated at the conclusion of the investigations.

There was one (1) sexual abuse allegation made at the Torres Unit in the last twelve months involving a staff member. At the conclusion of the investigation the allegation was unsubstantiated. There were no sexual harassment allegations mad at the Ney unit.

TDCJ publishes their investigative policy on its website (https://www.tdcj.texas.gov/publications/index.html#PREA). The site gives an overview of their PREA Policy and provides additional information by clicking on the topic hyperlink.

### TRAINING AND EDUCATION

**Standard 115.31: Employee training**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.31 (a)  

- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on its zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on inmates’ right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment x Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the right of inmates and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming inmates? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities? x Yes ☐ No

115.31 (b)

- Is such training tailored to the gender of the inmates at the employee’s facility? x Yes ☐ No
- Have employees received additional training if reassigned from a facility that houses only male inmates to a facility that houses only female inmates, or vice versa? x Yes ☐ No

115.31 (c)

- Have all current employees who may have contact with inmates received such training? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency provide each employee with refresher training every two years to ensure that all employees know the agency's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures? x Yes ☐ No
- In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, does the agency provide refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies? x Yes ☐ No

115.31 (d)

- Does the agency document, through employee signature or electronic verification, that employees understand the training they have received? x Yes ☐ No
Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☒ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☐ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Staff Training is a primary focus within the TDCJ especially as it relates to PREA and the Agency zero tolerance policy. The blueprint for policy enforcement and training is outlined in the Safe Prisons PREA Plan. In fact the pre-service and in-service curriculum all staff, volunteers and contractors receives is taken from this Plan.

The auditor reviewed the pre-service and in-service curriculum that the Complex staff receives. Subject matter includes: (1) The Agency wide zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment; (2) How to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures; (3) An offender's right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment; (4) Staff and offender's right to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment; (5) recognizing the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement; (6) The common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims; (7) How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse; (8) How to avoid inappropriate relationships with offenders; (9) How to communicate effectively and professionally with offenders, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming offenders; (10) How to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities.

Random staff interviews conducted with uniform and non-uniformed staff confirmed this training and each detailed how they would respond to any allegations. Everyone at the Complex is trained as a first responder. Non-security first responders, during their interviews, confirmed that they would immediately secure the alleged victim and then contact security staff.

All staff receive PREA in-service training annually (1.5 classroom hours). In addition uniform staff receive another two (2) hours a month at turn out.

The auditor reviewed training records for 2014, 2015 and 2016. The Torres-Ney Complex provided the mandated PREA in-service training to all staff working there at the time. Only those who were out for long term absence missed the training, but each is required to receive the training upon their return to duty.

**Standard 115.32: Volunteer and contractor training**
115.32 (a) 
- Has the agency ensured that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency’s sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures? x Yes ☐ No

115.32 (b) 
- Have all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates been notified of the agency’s zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents (the level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services they provide and level of contact they have with inmates)? x Yes ☐ No

115.32 (c) 
- Does the agency maintain documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received? x Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination
☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)
X Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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All contractors and volunteers working at the Torres-Ney Complex must receive the Safe Prisons PREA training prior to being allowed entry into either facility. This is mandated by the Safe Prisons PREA Plan. Those who were at the facility prior to 2013 were required to attend this training during the 2013 training cycle. The auditor reviewed the training curriculum and training records for a sampling of contractors and volunteers for years 2014, 2015 and
2016. The documentation included signed statements indicating they received and understand the zero tolerance policy.

Interviews conducted on site with four (4) contractors/volunteers confirmed each had received the training and signed documents indicating their understanding of the TDCJ policy.

### Standard 115.33: Inmate education

**All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report**

#### 115.33 (a)
- During intake, do inmates receive information explaining the agency’s zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes ☐ No
- During intake, do inmates receive information explaining how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment? x Yes ☐ No

#### 115.33 (b)
- Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes ☐ No
- Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from retaliation for reporting such incidents? x Yes ☐ No
- Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents? x Yes ☐ No

#### 115.33 (c)
- Have all inmates received such education? x Yes ☐ No

#### 115.33 (d)
- Do inmates receive education upon transfer to a different facility to the extent that the policies and procedures of the inmate’s new facility differ from those of the previous facility? ☐
  - X Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are limited English proficient? x Yes □ No

- Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are deaf? x Yes □ No

- Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are visually impaired? x Yes □ No

- Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are otherwise disabled? xYes □ No

- Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who have limited reading skills? x Yes □ No

115.33 (e)

- Does the agency maintain documentation of inmate participation in these education sessions? x Yes □ No

115.33 (f)

- In addition to providing such education, does the agency ensure that key information is continuously and readily available or visible to inmates through posters, inmate handbooks, or other written formats? x Yes □ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

□ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

X Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

□ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative
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Education with offenders is stressed no less than with staff. Warden Wallace indicated during his interview that keeping the offenders informed keeps them and staff safe.

Offender training begins the minute they enter the Torres Ney Complex. Large posters greet every offender on arrival informing him the facility has a zero tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment. It also makes the offender aware how and to whom to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment allegations if they become aware of it or experience it. The offender is then given a copy of the Offender Orientation Manual (which he signs for). This manual provides him with information again explaining the agency’s zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment verbally, anonymously or in writing. In this document it also indicates that should the offender have any questions about anything related to PREA, to contact the Unit Safe Prisons PREA Manager. The offender is then required to watch the PREA video usually on this same day he arrives but no longer that 24 hours after his arrival. This video again details the TDCJ policy on zero tolerance, explaining to the offender, how and whom to report any allegation of sexual abuse/ harassment to, without fear of retaliation.

The Safe Prisons PREA Plan requires the facility to provide offender education in formats accessible to all offenders, including those who are limited English proficient, deaf, visually impaired, as well as to offenders who have limited reading skills. PREA informational Signs (located in all areas accessible by offenders) and the informational booklets were available in English and Spanish. The Complex utilizes a list of staff (local and statewide) who may provide interpretive service including sign language if needed. The medical department UTMB also maintains a list interpreters as well as a contract service provider if needed

The random interviews conducted with offenders confirmed that PREA information was provided to them both verbally and in writing. The auditor also interviewed a member of the intake staff who confirmed that offenders who are deaf receive the PREA video narrative in writing. Shee was also aware of the facility memorandum listing staff and the languages that each was proficient in.

The auditor also interviewed offenders assigned to the Complex prior to the 2013 implementation of PREA education information being provide to offenders provided at intake. According to them they were brought to a common area in each housing area where they received the required PREA training and viewed the PREA video.

Standard 115.34: Specialized training: Investigations

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.34 (a)

- In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to §115.31, does the agency ensure that, to the extent the agency itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators have received training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a.)) x Yes ☐ No ☐ NA
115.34 (b)

- Does this specialized training include techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims? [N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).] x Yes □ No □ NA

- Does this specialized training include proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings? [N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).] x Yes □ No □ NA

- Does this specialized training include sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings? [N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).] x Yes □ No □ NA

- Does this specialized training include the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral? [N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).] x Yes □ No □ NA

115.34 (c)

- Does the agency maintain documentation that agency investigators have completed the required specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations? [N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).] x Yes □ No □ NA

115.34 (d)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

□ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

X Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

□ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)
Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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"Investigations involving allegations of sexual abuse shall be conducted by investigators who have received special training in sexual abuse investigations". This is the requirement pursuant to the Safe Prison/PREA Plan requiring all facility investigators receive specialized training in order for he/she to conduct any administrative sexual abuse allegations or sexual harassment investigation.

As previously noted the auditor interviewed the Criminal Investigator and one of the Complex Administrative Investigators. Each detailed the content of the Investigative training they received. The curriculum and information they provided included course topics: techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims, proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings, sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings, and the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral. The provided training records and course curriculum were reviewed for both the OIG Investigator and the Complex Investigators.

Standard 115.35: Specialized training: Medical and mental health care

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.35 (a)

- Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes □ No
- Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse? x Yes □ No
- Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes □ No
- Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how and to whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes □ No

115.35 (b)
If medical staff employed by the agency conduct forensic examinations, do such medical staff receive appropriate training to conduct such examinations? (N/A if agency medical staff at the facility do not conduct forensic exams.) ☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☒ NA

115.35 (c)

Does the agency maintain documentation that medical and mental health practitioners have received the training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere?

☒ Yes  ☐ No

115.35 (d)

Do medical and mental health care practitioners employed by the agency also receive training mandated for employees by §115.31?

☒ Yes  ☐ No

Do medical and mental health care practitioners contracted by and volunteering for the agency also receive training mandated for contractors and volunteers by §115.32?

☒ Yes  ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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The Texas Department of Criminal Justice contracts with the University of Texas Medical Branch (UTMB), for the delivery of all Medical and Mental Health services to offenders at the Torres-Ney-Unit. These contract employees are obligated to attend and receive the same zero tolerance training every employee at the Complex receives. This provision is mandated by the Safe Prison PREA Plan and Executive Directive PD-29 to complete the zero tolerance PREA training all employees receive.
In addition, Correctional Managed Health Care policy C 25-1, requires that all full time and part time medical and mental health practitioners receive additional training covering topics: (1) How to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; (2) How to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse; (3) How to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; (4) How and whom to report all allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment.

The auditor conducted interviews with medical and mental health practitioners during the site visit. Each indicated that this additional training was required of each of them and that they had received it. This one time training is not documented at the facility but the auditor was able to verify all medical and mental staff assigned to the Complex has received it.

SCREENING FOR RISK OF SEXUAL VICTIMIZATION AND ABUSIVENESS

Standard 115.41: Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.41 (a)

- Are all inmates assessed during an intake screening for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates? Yes ☐ No ☑
- Are all inmates assessed upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates? Yes ☐ No ☑

115.41 (b)

- Do intake screenings ordinarily take place within 72 hours of arrival at the facility? ☑ Yes ☐ No

115.41 (c)

- Are all PREA screening assessments conducted using an objective screening instrument? Yes ☐ No ☑
Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (1) Whether the inmate has a mental, physical, or developmental disability?  x Yes  □ No

Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (2) The age of the inmate?  x Yes  □ No

Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (3) The physical build of the inmate?  x Yes  □ No

Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (4) Whether the inmate has previously been incarcerated?  x Yes  □ No

Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (5) Whether the inmate’s criminal history is exclusively nonviolent?  x Yes  □ No

Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (6) Whether the inmate has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child?  x Yes  □ No

Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (7) Whether the inmate is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming (the facility affirmatively asks the inmate about his/her sexual orientation and gender identity AND makes a subjective determination based on the screener’s perception whether the inmate is gender non-conforming or otherwise may be perceived to be LGBTI)?  x Yes  □ No

Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (8) Whether the inmate has previously experienced sexual victimization?  x Yes  □ No

Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (9) The inmate’s own perception of vulnerability?  x Yes  □ No
- Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (10) Whether the inmate is detained solely for civil immigration purposes? x Yes ☐ No

115.41 (e)

- In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, when known to the agency: prior acts of sexual abuse? x Yes ☐ No

- In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, when known to the agency: prior convictions for violent offenses? x Yes ☐ No

- In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, when known to the agency: history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse? x Yes ☐ No

115.41 (f)

- Within a set time period not more than 30 days from the inmate’s arrival at the facility, does the facility reassess the inmate’s risk of victimization or abusiveness based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening? x Yes ☐ No

115.41 (g)

- Does the facility reassess an inmate’s risk level when warranted due to a: Referral? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the facility reassess an inmate’s risk level when warranted due to a: Request? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the facility reassess an inmate’s risk level when warranted due to a: Incident of sexual abuse? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the facility reassess an inmate’s risk level when warranted due to a: Receipt of additional information that bears on the inmate’s risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness? x Yes ☐ No

115.41 (h)
- Is it the case that inmates are not ever disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1), (d)(7), (d)(8), or (d)(9) of this section?  \( \checkmark \) Yes  \( \square \) No

115.41 (i)

- Has the agency implemented appropriate controls on the dissemination within the facility of responses to questions asked pursuant to this standard in order to ensure that sensitive information is not exploited to the inmate's detriment by staff or other inmates?  \( \checkmark \) Yes  \( \square \) No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

\( \square \) Exceeds Standard \( \text{(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)} \)

\( \checkmark \) Meets Standard \( \text{(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)} \)

\( \square \) Does Not Meet Standard \( \text{(Requires Corrective Action)} \)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Every offender arriving at the Torres-Ney Complex receives a risk screening for sexual victimization or sexual abusiveness toward other offenders by the trained Unit Safe Prisons PREA Manager. If the offender arrives on a weekend or after normal business hours he waits no longer than 72 hours from the date of his arrival. The auditor did not have the opportunity to observe the intake process and risk assessment during the site visit.

As previously noted each offender upon arrival at the Unit receives an orientation pamphlet with PREA information in it. Most will see the PREA informational video during the intake process on day 1 but if they do not, the Unit Safe Prisons PREA Manager insures it is viewed the next morning. During this arrival process the Safe Prisons PREA Manager interviews each offender individually in a private area where the offender is questioned about his knowledge regarding PREA. The Unit Safe Prison PREA Manager informs him about how and whom, to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment if necessary. He is also informed if he needs any victim support services to contact the Unit Safe Prisons PREA Office. At the conclusion of this information exchange the risk assessment is conducted.

Prior to the assessment with the offender the Unit Safe Prison PREA Manager has reviewed all information the facility may have or have access to. She specifically looks for any abusiveness or prior victimization. The assessment begins by asking the offender: (1) if he has a mental, physical, or developmental disability; (2) his age; (3) whether the offender has previously been incarcerated; (4) whether the offender's criminal history is exclusively nonviolent; (5) whether the offender has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child; (6) whether the offender is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender
nonconforming; (7) whether the offender has previously experienced sexual victimization; (8) for his own own
perception of his vulnerability; (9) and conducts an assessment of the physical build of the offender. The Unit Safe
Prisons PREA Manager also assesses if the offender is perceived to be gender nonconforming. Any offender
who may be at risk based on this screening has a Medical and/or Mental Health referral immediately completed
and forwarded on behalf of the offender.

Upon completing this part of the assessment, the offender is seen by medical staff and then brought before the
Unit Classification Committee. Prior to his appearance before this committee, the committee is provided with the
offender's completed risk assessment form, which they review along with his prior institutional record, pre-
sentence investigation information and any other information they have available. At his appearance before the
Unit Classification Committee he is reassessed for his risk of victimization or abusiveness and questioned about
his vulnerability prior to being given his housing and work assignment.

The auditor conducted interviews with the screening staff and the Chief of Unit Classification. All confirmed the
Safe Prisons PREA policy is followed to ensure an offender's risk level is reassessed when warranted due to a
referral, request, incident of sexual abuse, or receipt of additional information that bears on the offender’s risk of
sexual victimization or abusiveness. These interviews also confirmed that TDCJ policies prohibit offenders being
disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to any questions asked
during the risk assessment.

Interviews with a random sampling of offenders confirmed they received a risk assessment upon arrival and a
second assessment within the first thirty (30) days. A few of those interviewed could not remember receiving the
initial or second assessment. The auditor reviewed their records and confirmed they were in fact completed. These interviews also confirmed offenders are not disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing
complete information in response to any questions asked during the risk assessment.

Standard 115.42: Use of screening information

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.42 (a)

- Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Housing Assignments? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Bed assignments? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Work Assignments? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Education Assignments? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Program Assignments? x Yes ☐ No

### 115.42 (b)

- Does the agency make individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each inmate? x Yes ☐ No

### 115.42 (c)

- When deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex inmate to a facility for male or female inmates, does the agency consider on a case-by-case basis whether a placement would ensure the inmate’s health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems (NOTE: if an agency by policy or practice assigns inmates to a male or female facility on the basis of anatomy alone, that agency is not in compliance with this standard)? x Yes ☐ No

- When making housing or other program assignments for transgender or intersex inmates, does the agency consider on a case-by-case basis whether a placement would ensure the inmate’s health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems? x Yes ☐ No

### 115.42 (d)

- Are placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex inmate reassessed at least twice each year to review any threats to safety experienced by the inmate? x Yes ☐ No

### 115.42 (e)

- Are each transgender or intersex inmate’s own views with respect to his or her own safety given serious consideration when making facility and housing placement decisions and programming assignments? x Yes ☐ No

### 115.42 (f)

- Are transgender and intersex inmates given the opportunity to shower separately from other inmates? x Yes ☐ No
Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: lesbian, gay, and bisexual inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status?  x Yes  □ No

Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: transgender inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status?  x Yes  □ No

Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: intersex inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status?  x Yes  □ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

□  **Exceeds Standard** *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

X  **Meets Standard** *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

□  **Does Not Meet Standard** *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Housing, bed, work, and education assignments for all inmates at the Torres Complex are made at the Unit Classification Committee when the offender appears. Their primary consideration when making these assignments is keeping offenders at high risk of being sexually victimized safe from those at high risk of being sexually abusive. This requirement is outlined in Administrative Directive 04.17 (Offender Housing Criteria Procedures) and Administrative Directive 04.18 (Offender Job Assignments and Job Descriptions).
The auditor had the opportunity to interview the Chief of Unit Classification. She indicated she receives and reviews the risk assessment screening form from the Safe Prisons PREA Manager along with any pertinent documents or records of the offender prior to his appearance before the committee. During her review she indicated she performs a second risk assessment soliciting any safety concerns before determining the offenders housing, bed, work, education or program assignments. She indicated the committee's primary goal was keeping separate those offenders at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive. She also stated that if a transgender or intersex offender appears at the committee they take into consideration any safety concerns voiced by them prior to making any assignments.

There are no dedicated housing units based on sexual identity at the Complex. Interviews with offenders identifying as gay or bisexual (10 in total) indicated they were never placed on any housing unit except those designated for general population offenders. There were no transgender offenders assigned to the Complex at the time of the site visit. The auditor did interview an offender who claimed on admission he was transgender but later changed his mind to being bisexual. He indicated during his appearance before the Classification Committee that he was asked about safety concerns he might have and if he wanted special accommodations made for showering.

### Standard 115.43: Protective Custody

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

#### 115.43 (a)

- Does the facility always refrain from placing inmates at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers? x Yes  ☐ No

- If a facility cannot conduct such an assessment immediately, does the facility hold the inmate in involuntary segregated housing for less than 24 hours while completing the assessment? x Yes  ☐ No

#### 115.43 (b)

- Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Programs to the extent possible? x Yes  ☐ No

- Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Privileges to the extent possible? x Yes  ☐ No

- Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Education to the extent possible? x Yes  ☐ No

- Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Work opportunities to the extent possible? x Yes  ☐ No
If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document: The opportunities that have been limited? x Yes □ No

If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document: The duration of the limitation? x Yes □ No

If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document: The reasons for such limitations? x Yes □ No

Does the facility assign inmates at high risk of sexual victimization to involuntary segregated housing only until an alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged? x Yes □ No

Does such an assignment not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days? x Yes □ No

If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The basis for the facility’s concern for the inmate’s safety? x Yes □ No

If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged? x Yes □ No

In the case of each inmate who is placed in involuntary segregation because he/she is at high risk of sexual victimization, does the facility afford a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population EVERY 30 DAYS? x Yes □ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

□ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

X Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*
☐ **Does Not Meet Standard** *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

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The Safe Prison PREA Plan (page 18) outlines the conditions in which Restricted Housing can be used for any offender at the Torres-Ney Complex. The policy clearly prohibits placing anyone who may be at high risk for sexual victimization in protective custody unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been explored and there is no other available means to protect him. This policy further states that if this assessment cannot be completed immediately, the unit may only hold the offender in involuntary segregated housing for no longer than 24 hours.

Interviews with Warden Wallace and the Segregation Supervisor indicated that for the last 12 months restricted housing, at either unit, had not been utilized for the placement of any offender who was at risk of victimization. They further indicated that if it did become necessary to utilize restricted housing for this purpose the offender would have access to programs, privileges, education, and work opportunities to the extent possible as general population and any restrictions would be documented on the Administrative Segregation Hearing Record Form.

**REPORTING**

**Standard 115.51: Inmate reporting**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.51 (a)

- Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes  ☐ No
- Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Retaliation by other inmates or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes  ☐ No
- Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents? x Yes  ☐ No

115.51 (b)
- Does the agency also provide at least one way for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency? x Yes ☐ No

- Is that private entity or office able to receive and immediately forward inmate reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials? x Yes ☐ No

- Does that private entity or office allow the inmate to remain anonymous upon request? x Yes ☐ No

- Are inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security? ☐ Yes x No

**115.51 (c)**

- Does staff accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties? x Yes ☐ No

- Does staff promptly document any verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes ☐ No

**115.51 (d)**

- Does the agency provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmates? x Yes ☐ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

☐ Exceeds Standard (*Substantially exceeds requirement of standards*)

x Meets Standard (*Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period*)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (*Requires Corrective Action*)

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

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not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

As noted in standard 115.33 offenders arriving at the Torres-Ney Complex are exposed to information about how and whom to report allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment when they walk into the receiving area. Signage throughout the complex informs them to contact the Major, the Office of Inspector General (OIG), or the PREA Ombudsman to report any allegation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment.

Each offender upon arrival is given a PREA pamphlet, shown the PREA video, and provided an offender orientation packet informing them of the multiple internal private ways they can privately report any PREA allegation, report retaliation by other offenders or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment or any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents. They are told allegations can be made verbally to staff, in written reports, through anonymous (unsigned) reports and reports from third parties (family members or friends). The General Information Guide for Families of Offenders booklet is available at the entrance of the Complex and posted in the facility visiting rooms informing the family or friends how they can report sexual abuse/sexual harassment on behalf of the offender.

The PREA Ombudsmen is an independent office reporting directly to the chairman of the Texas Board of Criminal Justice and is external to the reporting process of the Texas Department of Criminal Justice Executive Director. The PREA Ombudsman office receives and immediately forwards any offender reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials, allowing the offender to remain anonymous upon request. Reports to the PREA Ombudsman are done confidentially and in accordance with policy ED-02.10, "Prison Rape Elimination Act Complaints and Inquiries".

The random interviews conducted with the offenders at the Unit revealed that they were well aware of the reporting venues available to them if needed. When questioned how they could report any incident, they were aware reports could be written, verbal, from their family members and to the ombudsman if necessary.

**Standard 115.52: Exhaustion of administrative remedies**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.52 (a)

- Is the agency exempt from this standard? NOTE: The agency is exempt ONLY if it does not have administrative procedures to address inmate grievances regarding sexual abuse. This does not mean the agency is exempt simply because an inmate does not have to or is not ordinarily expected to submit a grievance to report sexual abuse. This means that as a matter of explicit policy, the agency does not have an administrative remedies process to address sexual abuse. □ Yes  x No  □ NA

115.52 (b)

- Does the agency permit inmates to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse without any type of time limits? (The agency may apply otherwise-applicable time limits to any portion of a grievance that does not allege an incident of sexual abuse.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.) x Yes  □ No  □ NA
Does the agency always refrain from requiring an inmate to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)

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115.52 (c)

Does the agency ensure that: An inmate who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)

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Does the agency ensure that: Such grievance is not referred to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)

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115.52 (d)

Does the agency issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance? (Computation of the 90-day time period does not include time consumed by inmates in preparing any administrative appeal.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)

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If the agency claims the maximum allowable extension of time to respond of up to 70 days per 115.52(d)(3) when the normal time period for response is insufficient to make an appropriate decision, does the agency notify the inmate in writing of any such extension and provide a date by which a decision will be made? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)

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At any level of the administrative process, including the final level, if the inmate does not receive a response within the time allotted for reply, including any properly noticed extension, may an inmate consider the absence of a response to be a denial at that level? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)

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115.52 (e)

Are third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, permitted to assist inmates in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)

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Are those third parties also permitted to file such requests on behalf of inmates? (If a third-party files such a request on behalf of an inmate, the facility may require as a condition of processing the request that the alleged victim agree to have the request filed on his or her behalf, and may
also require the alleged victim to personally pursue any subsequent steps in the administrative remedy process.)  (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)  x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

If the inmate declines to have the request processed on his or her behalf, does the agency document the inmate’s decision?  (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)  

x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

115.52 (f)

- Has the agency established procedures for the filing of an emergency grievance alleging that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse?  (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)  x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

- After receiving an emergency grievance alleging an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does the agency immediately forward the grievance (or any portion thereof that alleges the substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse) to a level of review at which immediate corrective action may be taken?  (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.).  

x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

- After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency provide an initial response within 48 hours?  (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)  x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

- After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency issue a final agency decision within 5 calendar days?  (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)  

x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

- Does the initial response and final agency decision document the agency’s determination whether the inmate is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse?  (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)  x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

- Does the initial response document the agency’s action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance?  (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)  x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

- Does the agency’s final decision document the agency’s action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance?  (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)  x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

115.52 (g)

- If the agency disciplines an inmate for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse, does it do so ONLY where the agency demonstrates that the inmate filed the grievance in bad faith?  (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)  x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA
Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

X Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

Board Policy 3.77 (Offender Grievances) outlines the policy to be followed at the Torres-Ney Complex by offenders and staff when an emergency grievance has been filed alleging sexual abuse or when an offender may be subject to substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse. This policy indicates that there are no time limits imposed on when the offender/family member may submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse. Policy further states any offender who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without time limits, without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint and without the grievance being referred to any staff member who is the subject of the complaint.

The policy further requires that when a grievance alleging sexual abuse is filed, the Grievance Investigator must notify the Warden, the Unit Safe Prisons PREA Manager and OIG. The Grievance Office has 5 days to respond back to the offender with the findings. At the same time the grievance office is investigating the grievance, a criminal and/or administrative PREA investigation is also initiated. Depending on the circumstances of the allegation the offender may be dealing with the Grievance Coordinator, Facility Investigator, the Investigator from the OIG.

Standard 115.53: Inmate access to outside confidential support services

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.53 (a)

- Does the facility provide inmates with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse by giving inmates mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations? X Yes ☐ No
- Does the facility provide persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available of local, State, or national immigrant services agencies? ☐ Yes  x No

- Does the facility enable reasonable communication between inmates and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible? x Yes  ☐ No

115.53 (b)

- Does the facility inform inmates, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws? x Yes  ☐ No

115.53 (c)

- Does the agency maintain or attempt to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with community service providers that are able to provide inmates with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse? x Yes  ☐ No

- Does the agency maintain copies of agreements or documentation showing attempts to enter into such agreements? x Yes  ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

X Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

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Torres-Ney Unit has attempted to enter into MOU with Victim Advocates without any success. They do however provide their offenders with the names and addresses for all Statewide and National Victim Advocates Groups upon request. Information on how to access these lists is provided in the inmate handbook and posted from time to time in the offender newspaper. The Safe Prisons PREA Manager also informs the offender she is a source for this information as well. Offenders are informed that communication with these groups may be monitored unless it is sent directly through the PREA Ombudsman.

The Complex provided the auditor with solicitation letters demonstrating they had tried to solicit services from the local outside victim advocates to provide emotional support services related to sexual abuse for their offenders. Most random offender interviews indicated they were aware of the outside support services because the information is found in the orientation packets provided to all offenders. Some of the random offenders indicated they were not aware of these support services because they were not interested in these type services. The Torres-Ney Unit does not hold any offender for civil immigration purposes.

**Standard 115.54: Third-party reporting**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.54 (a)

- Has the agency established a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? x Yes □ No
- Has the agency distributed publicly information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of an inmate? x Yes □ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

□ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

□ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

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As noted in standard 115.51 the “General Information Guides for Families of Offenders” booklets are available at the entrance of both Units and in each of the facility visiting rooms. During the tour of the visiting area the auditor observed PREA posters (in Spanish and English) listing phone numbers, mailing addresses and email addresses where anyone can report an allegation of sexual abuse and/or sexual harassment on behalf of any offender.

The TDCJ agency web page also has a PREA section on the site allowing anyone to make a sexual abuse allegation on behalf of any offender through that link.

Offenders disclosed to the auditor during their interviews that they could have family or friends make a sexual abuse/harassment reports on their behalf when asked about how they could report allegations.

OFFICIAL RESPONSE FOLLOWING AN INMATE REPORT

Standard 115.61: Staff and agency reporting duties

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.61 (a)

- Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency? X Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding retaliation against inmates or staff who reported an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment? x Yes ☐ No
- Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment or retaliation? x Yes ☐ No

115.61 (b)

- Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials, does staff always refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions? x Yes ☐ No

115.61 (c)

- Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, are medical and mental health practitioners required to report sexual abuse pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section? x Yes ☐ No
- Are medical and mental health practitioners required to inform inmates of the practitioner’s duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services?  x Yes  □ No

115.61 (d)

- If the alleged victim is under the age of 18 or considered a vulnerable adult under a State or local vulnerable persons statute, does the agency report the allegation to the designated State or local services agency under applicable mandatory reporting laws?  □ Yes  □ No  X NA

115.61 (e)

- Does the facility report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility’s designated investigators?  x Yes  □ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

□ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

X Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

□ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

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The Safe Prisons PREA Plan requires all staff members to immediately report any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding any incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred at the Complex or alleged to have occurred on another unit. The Plan requires reporting retaliation against offenders or staff who reported an incident; and any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident or retaliation. This practice is also emphasized to staff in the pre-service and in-service training each of them receives as well. Uniformed staff also receives additional training covering reporting obligations during their daily turnout training.

The auditor interviewed random uniformed staff, non-uniformed staff, contractors and medical/mental health practitioners. Each of them acknowledged their reporting requirements so an investigation can be initiated. They also informed the auditor that any and all information they come upon is not to be reported or repeated to anyone except for reporting to a designated supervisors or official.
Standard 115.62: Agency protection duties

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.62 (a)

- When the agency learns that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does it take immediate action to protect the inmate? x Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

X Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

The narrative below must include a comprehensive discussion of all the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor’s analysis and reasoning, and the auditor’s conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

The auditor was specific with this question when asking random staff and the Complex Warden. Each was specifically asked what action would they take once they became aware an offender was at substantial risk of sexual abuse. With respect to the random staff each indicated the safety of the offender at risk would be their priority. They all detailed their answers by informing the auditor that they’re first response would be to find the person at risk. Once locating the offender they would then notify their supervisor for direction.

Senior Warden Wallace informed the auditor his action(s) would be guided by the Safe Prisons PREA Plan and Safe Prisons PREA Manual. The offender might be placed in transient housing during a pending Offender Protection Investigation (OPI) review. Offenders are typically placed in “transient status” in restricted housing for up to 72 hours pending the investigation completion. It may be extended for up to another 72 hours if needed for completion of the investigation but typically done within 72 hours. He further stated that restricted housing would be his last option to safeguard a potential victim. He would transfer the inmate before that happened unless protection was immediately warranted.

Standard 115.63: Reporting to other confinement facilities

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report
### 115.63 (a)
- Upon receiving an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused while confined at another facility, does the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred?  
  - Yes  
  - No

### 115.63 (b)
- Is such notification provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation?  
  - Yes  
  - No

### 115.63 (c)
- Does the agency document that it has provided such notification?  
  - Yes  
  - No

### 115.63 (d)
- Does the facility head or agency office that receives such notification ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with these standards?  
  - Yes  
  - No

#### Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

- ☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
- ☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*
- ☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

#### Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Allegations that an offender was sexually abused while confined at another facility mandates the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred within 72 hours. The Torres-Ney Complex received three (3) sexual abuse allegations reported to during the last 12 months. During the Safe Prison PREA Plan Manager and Warden interviews both indicated they are required by policy to report to the facility where the alleged incident took place so an investigation could be initiated. They provided the auditor with the facility notification for the three cases.
The Complex had one instance where they were notified by another facility about an allegation of sexual abuse alleged to have occurred at the Complex within the last 12 months. The case was investigated and provided to the auditor for review.

All four of these cases are counted in the facility totals for the last 12 months

**Standard 115.64: Staff first responder duties**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.64 (a)

- Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Separate the alleged victim and abuser?  
  x Yes  ☐ No

- Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence? x Yes  ☐ No

- Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence? x Yes  ☐ No

- Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence? x Yes  ☐ No

115.64 (b)

- If the first staff responder is not a security staff member, is the responder required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff? x Yes  ☐ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

X  **Exceeds Standard** *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
☐  Meets Standard  *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐  Does Not Meet Standard  *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

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Every staff member, volunteer, and contractor at the Torres Ney Complex receives training as a first responder for sexual abuse/harassment allegations. The uniform staff first responder training is more in-depth outlining their responsibilities. The auditor questioned both uniform staff and non-uniform staff about their duties as first responders.

The uniformed staff indicated they would separate the alleged victim and abuser, preserve and protect any crime scene, ensure that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, drinking, or eating. Depending on the circumstances, the same actions would be taken with the alleged abuser.

The non-custody staff informed the auditor that after securing/separating the alleged victim, they would immediately contact a security person to take charge of the situation.

### Standard 115.65: Coordinated response

**All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report**

115.65 (a)

- Has the facility developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse?  x Yes  □ No

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

☐  Exceeds Standard  *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
X  Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐  Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

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Attachment G of the Safe Prisons PREA Plan, is a checklist filled out on every allegation of sexual abuse, ensuring each of the facility disciplines is notified and has provided their appropriate response to the allegations of sexual abuse. This Attachment G (Sexual Abuse Checklist) is the written institutional plan to coordinate actions taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse, among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership.

Interviews with medical staff, mental health staff, investigators and multiple supervisors confirmed they were knowledgeable of Attachment G and their responsibilities during a response.

**Standard 115.66: Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.66 (a)

- Are both the agency and any other governmental entities responsible for collective bargaining on the agency’s behalf prohibited from entering into or renewing any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement that limits the agency’s ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any inmates pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted? x Yes  ☐ No

115.66 (b)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

☐  Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
X  Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐  Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Texas is a right to work state and does not have collective bargaining agreements. The agency has entered into no agreement that limits the agency’s ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any inmates pending the outcome of an investigation.

Standard 115.67: Agency protection against retaliation

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.67 (a)

- Has the agency established a policy to protect all inmates and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other inmates or staff?  x Yes  ☐ No

- Has the agency designated which staff members or departments are charged with monitoring retaliation?  x Yes  ☐ No

115.67 (b)

- Does the agency employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for inmate victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for inmates or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations?  x Yes  ☐ No

115.67 (c)
Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of residents or staff who reported the sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff? x Yes  ☐ No

Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff? x Yes  ☐ No

Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Act promptly to remedy any such retaliation? x Yes  ☐ No

Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor any inmate disciplinary reports? x Yes  ☐ No

Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate housing changes? x Yes  ☐ No

Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate program changes? x Yes  ☐ No

Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor negative performance reviews of staff? x Yes  ☐ No

Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor reassignments of staff? x Yes  ☐ No

Does the agency continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need? x Yes  ☐ No

115.67 (d)

In the case of inmates, does such monitoring also include periodic status checks? x Yes  ☐ No
115.67 (e)

- If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, does the agency take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation?
  
  x Yes  ☐ No

115.67 (f)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (*Substantially exceeds requirement of standards*)

X Meets Standard (*Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period*)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (*Requires Corrective Action*)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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The Safe Prisons PREA Plan mandates that offenders and/or staff members that report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with any sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations are not to be subjected to retaliation by other offenders or staff.

The Safe Prisons PREA Manager monitors retaliation of offenders at the Torres-Ney Complex while retaliation of staff is monitored by the Major. During each of their interviews they indicated retaliation monitoring is periodic and continues for at least 90 days and longer if required.

The Safe Prisons PREA Manager indicated she reviews offender work assignments, disciplinary reports and evaluations, bed changes and also meets with them to discuss any concerns they might have. The Major indicated he monitors staff retaliation by looking at the employee’s work assignments, time off approvals, transfers, and evaluations. The auditor did review the 11 cases at the complex that were completed within the last 12 months that required monitoring and found retaliation monitoring performed in accordance with agency policy.

The facility had one allegation of retaliation made during the last 12 months. An inmate alleged a staff member was retaliating against him. The major conducted an investigation and determined the allegation was unsubstantiated. He spoke with both parties and continued monitoring beyond the 90 days.
Standard 115.68: Post-allegation protective custody

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.68 (a)

- Is any and all use of segregated housing to protect an inmate who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse subject to the requirements of § 115.43?  x Yes  ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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As noted in standard 115.43 the Safe Prisons PREA Plan prohibits the Torres-Ney Complex from utilizing restricted housing for the protection of any offender who alleged to have suffered sexual abuse unless no alternative is available. This same policy states that if it would ever become necessary for an offender to be placed in restricted housing for this purpose the facility must provide him with programs, privileges, education and work to the extent possible. Any time this cannot be accomplished the Complex must document the specific denial of the item and reason it could not be provided.

In most cases, offenders are placed in transient status in special housing for up to 72 hours pending investigation completion; it may be extended for another 72 hours if required to complete the investigation. An Offender Protective Investigation (OPI) is started immediately upon staff becoming aware of the allegation. The Warden and the Special Housing Unit Supervisor confirmed that restricted housing has not been used for the placement of any victim of sexual abuse except as described above in OPI/transient status and would not be used to house victim offenders for protection after an alleged sexual assault.
Standard 115.71: Criminal and administrative agency investigations

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.71 (a)
- When the agency conducts its own investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, does it do so promptly, thoroughly, and objectively? [N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).] x Yes □ No □ NA
- Does the agency conduct such investigations for all allegations, including third party and anonymous reports? [N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).] x Yes □ No □ NA

115.71 (b)
- Where sexual abuse is alleged, does the agency use investigators who have received specialized training in sexual abuse investigations as required by 115.34? x Yes □ No

115.71 (c)
- Do investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data? x Yes □ No
- Do investigators interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses? x Yes □ No
- Do investigators review prior reports and complaints of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator? x Yes □ No

115.71 (d)
- When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, does the agency conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution? x Yes □ No

115.71 (e)
- Do agency investigators assess the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual’s status as inmate or staff? x Yes □ No
Does the agency investigate allegations of sexual abuse without requiring an inmate who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding? x Yes  □ No

115.71 (f)

Do administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse? x Yes  □ No

Are administrative investigations documented in written reports that include a description of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings? x Yes  □ No

115.71 (g)

Are criminal investigations documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible? x Yes  □ No

115.71 (h)

Are all substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal referred for prosecution? x Yes  □ No

115.71 (i)

Does the agency retain all written reports referenced in 115.71(f) and (g) for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years? x Yes  □ No

115.71 (j)

Does the agency ensure that the departure of an alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the agency does not provide a basis for terminating an investigation? x Yes  □ No

115.71 (k)

Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

115.71 (l)
When an outside entity investigates sexual abuse, does the facility cooperate with outside investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation? (N/A if an outside agency does not conduct administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a.))

☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☒ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)
☐ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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The Safe Prisons PREA Plan and policy OIG-4.05 (Offender Sexual Assault Investigations) outline how investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment are to proceed. These policies require that the criminal and administrative investigations be conducted by trained investigators.

Every allegation of sexual abuse at the Torres-Ney Complex is immediately reported to the Office of Inspector General Investigator who makes a determination if elements of a crime exist. Regardless of whether the OIG conducts a criminal investigation or not, trained administrative investigators at the Complex conduct an administrative investigation as well.

The auditor reviewed the training records of both the facility investigators and the attendance of training by the OIG Investigators. As previously noted in Standard 115.34 each has received the specialized training required. During the site interview with one of the facility Investigators and with one of the OIG Investigators the auditor was informed that the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness is assessed on an individual basis and not determined by the person’s status as an offender or staff member. Both the criminal and facility Investigators indicated they do not require an offender who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling devices as a condition for proceeding with the investigation of such an allegation.

The auditor reviewed case files for the last twelve months. Investigator interviews (Facility and OIG) indicated that the investigative process involves gathering and preserving direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data, interviews with alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses, and also includes reviewing any prior complaints and reports of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator.

The departure of the alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the Unit does not provide a basis for terminating any investigation according to the OIG and the Facility Investigators.
The Torres-Ney Unit had 9/2 (9 at the Torres Unit, 2 at the Ney Unit) PREA allegations made in the last twelve months all alleging sexual abuse. The Torres Unit had eight (8) sexual abuse allegations. Six (6) were allegations against staff and two (2) were allegations against other offenders. All were determined to be unsubstantiated at the conclusion of the investigations. There is one case still pending with OIG although the facility made a determination of unsubstantiated in their investigation. The Ney Unit had two (2) allegations of sexual abuse made during the last twelve months. One allegation made against staff and one allegation made against another offender. Both of these allegations were determined to be unsubstantiated at the conclusion of the investigations.

There was one (1) sexual abuse allegation made at the Torres Unit in the last twelve months involving a staff member. At the conclusion of the investigation the allegation was unsubstantiated. There were no sexual harassment allegations made at the Ney unit. The retention time for investigation reports involving any sexual abuse/assault must be retained for as long as the alleged abuser(s) is incarcerated or employed within the Texas Department of Criminal Justice, plus five years. The Offender Investigation Packet and the OIG criminal investigation reports are maintained permanently, electronically which exceeds the standard requirement.

TDCJ publishes their investigative policy on its website (https://www.tdcj.texas.gov/publications/index.html#PREA). The site gives an overview of their PREA Policy and provides additional information by clicking on the topic hyperlink.

### Standard 115.72: Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations

**All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report**

115.72 (a)

- Is it true that the agency does not impose a standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated?  
  - Yes ☒  
  - No ☐

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

- ☒ **Exceeds Standard** *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*
- ☒ **Meets Standard** *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*
- ☐ **Does Not Meet Standard** *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

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During the interview with the facility investigator he indicated that by policy (Safe Prisons PREA Plan) and his training, the facility imposes no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence when determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated.

**Standard 115.73: Reporting to inmates**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

**115.73 (a)**

- Following an investigation into an inmate’s allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency inform the inmate as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded? x Yes ☐ No

**115.73 (b)**

- If the agency did not conduct the investigation into an inmate’s allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the inmate? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations.) x Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

**115.73 (c)**

- Following an inmate’s allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer posted within the inmate’s unit? x Yes ☐ No

- Following an inmate’s allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer employed at the facility? x Yes ☐ No

- Following an inmate’s allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse in the facility? x Yes ☐ No

- Following an inmate’s allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident...
whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility? x Yes ☐ No

115.73 (d)

- Following an inmate’s allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility? x Yes ☐ No

- Following an inmate’s allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate, does the agency subsequently inform the alleged victim whenever: The agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility? X Yes ☐ No

115.73 (e)

- Does the agency document all such notifications or attempted notifications? x Yes ☐ No

115.73 (f)

- Auditor is not required to audit this provision.

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

X Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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The Safe Prisons PREA Plan and Safe Prison Plan Operations Manual 5.05 mandates offenders who make an allegation that they have suffered sexual abuse must be informed in writing at the conclusion of the investigation as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded. This determination of the investigative outcome, involving offender on offender allegations, is delivered to the offender at a classification hearing (UCC) and made part of his institutional record. These notifications involving offender and staff are delivered by the Warden. This notification also becomes part of the offenders official record.

These policies further specify that following an offender's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the offender, the facility subsequently informs the offender (unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded) whenever the employee is no longer assigned on his unit, no longer employed in the facility and if the employee was indicted or charged. There was one case completed administratively, but still under investigation by OIG involving a volunteer who was removed from the facility, where the offender was notified he was no longer allowed into the facility.

### DISCIPLINE

#### Standard 115.76: Disciplinary sanctions for staff

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.76 (a)

- Are staff subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies? x Yes □ No

115.76 (b)

- Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse? x Yes □ No

115.76 (c)

- Are disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories? x Yes □ No

115.76 (d)

- Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)? x Yes □ No
Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Relevant licensing bodies? x Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

X Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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Sexual misconduct involving an offender, harassing and retaliating against any offender or staff for participating in an official investigation is a level 1 violation in the Texas Department of Criminal Justice where dismissal is recommended and the presumptive disciplinary sanction. These type violations along with other misconduct are outlined in Executive Directive PD-22 (General Rules of Conduct and Disciplinary Action Guidelines for Employees) and Executive Directive PD-29 (Sexual Misconduct with Offenders). Termination is required for staff found to have perpetrated sexual abuse on any offender. Only the Executive Director, Deputy Executive Director, or the appropriate Division Director is authorized to impose less severe disciplinary action.

As previously noted a volunteer was removed from the facility. He was the subject of a sexual abuse allegation that was investigated by the OIG and the facility administrative Investigator. The facility determined the allegation was unsubstantiated and the OIG has not yet made a determination in the case. The volunteer was removed and barred from entering any TDCJ facility for other rule violations. The offender confirmed to the auditor that he was notified that the volunteer would no longer be allowed into any TDCJ facility.

Standard 115.77: Corrective action for contractors and volunteers

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.77 (a)

☐ Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse prohibited from contact with inmates? x Yes  ☐ No
- Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)? x Yes ☐ No

- Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Relevant licensing bodies? x Yes ☐ No

115.77 (b)

- In the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer, does the facility take appropriate remedial measures, and consider whether to prohibit further contact with inmates? x Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (*Substantially exceeds requirement of standards*)

X Meets Standard (*Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period*)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (*Requires Corrective Action*)

Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative

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The auditor interviewed two contractors and two volunteers during the site visit at the Torres-Ney Complex. Each of them indicated they were informed during their training of the agency zero tolerance policy and the consequences for any violation. The auditor confirmed their training and their signatures verifying they took and understood this mandated PREA training. Executive Directive PD-29 and the Safe Prisons PREA Plan require that any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse be removed from the facility and reported to law enforcement agencies, unless the activity was clearly not criminal, and to relevant licensing bodies. Senior Warden Wallace confirmed this would be the practice for any violation.

As previously noted a volunteer was removed from the facility. He was the subject of a sexual abuse allegation that was investigated by the OIG and the facility administrative Investigator. The facility determined the allegation was unsubstantiated and the OIG has not yet made a determination in the case. The volunteer was removed and barred from entering any TDCJ facility for other rule violations. The offender confirmed to the auditor that he was notified that the volunteer would no longer be allowed into any TDCJ facility.

Standard 115.78: Disciplinary sanctions for inmates
All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.78 (a)
- Following an administrative finding that an inmate engaged in inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, or following a criminal finding of guilt for inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, are inmates subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to a formal disciplinary process? x Yes  □ No

115.78 (b)
- Are sanctions commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the inmate’s disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other inmates with similar histories? x Yes  □ No

115.78 (c)
- When determining what types of sanction, if any, should be imposed, does the disciplinary process consider whether an inmate’s mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his or her behavior? x Yes  □ No

115.78 (d)
- If the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, does the facility consider whether to require the offending inmate to participate in such interventions as a condition of access to programming and other benefits? x Yes  □ No

115.78 (e)
- Does the agency discipline an inmate for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact? x Yes  □ No

115.78 (f)
- For the purpose of disciplinary action does a report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred NOT constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation? x Yes  □ No

115.78 (g)
Does the agency always refrain from considering non-coercive sexual activity between inmates to be sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not prohibit all sexual activity between inmates.)

☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

**Auditor Overall Compliance Determination**

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☒ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

☐ Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*

**Instructions for Overall Compliance Determination Narrative**

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Disciplinary sanctions for any offender found guilty of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are outlined in the Safe Prisons PREA Plan and the Disciplinary Rules and Procedures for Offenders Manual. All offenders are subject to disciplinary sanctions following an administrative finding that the offender engaged in offender on offender sexual abuse or following a criminal finding of guilt for offender on offender sexual abuse.

The sanctions would be commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the offender's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other offenders with similar histories, and consider whether an offender's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his behavior. Special considerations are required for offenders charged with or suspected of a disciplinary infraction who are developmentally disabled or mentally ill to determine if the disability or illness contributed to the behavior when determining what type of sanction should be imposed.

As previously noted there were no substantiated cases of sexual abuse in the last twelve months so there were no disciplinary sanctions imposed.

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**MEDICAL AND MENTAL CARE**

**Standard 115.81: Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report
115.81 (a)

- If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? x Yes  ☐ No

115.81 (b)

- If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison.) x Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

115.81 (c)

- If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a jail inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? x Yes  ☐ No

115.81 (d)

- Is any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff as necessary to inform treatment plans and security management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law? x Yes  ☐ No

115.81 (e)

- Do medical and mental health practitioners obtain informed consent from inmates before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the inmate is under the age of 18? x Yes  ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *Substantially exceeds requirement of standards*
X  Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐  Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

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As previously noted a risk assessment for victimization and abusiveness is performed on every offender that enters the Torres-Ney Complex. Sergeant Claudia Loera, the Unit Safe Prison PREA Manager, conducts this assessment. She indicated to the auditor during her interview that anytime an offender discloses to her or anytime it is noted somewhere in the offender's record that he has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, the offender is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the assessment. The Safe Prisons PREA Plan stipulates the same practice and procedure for each of the TDCJ facilities. The auditor interviewed twelve (12) offenders who had disclosed prior victimization. Four (4) of them indicated they could not remember being offered services. At the conclusion of the interviews the auditor reviewed their official institutional record. During the risk assessment process if the inmates discloses prior victimization it is noted on the assessment form with a referral notice on the form which the offender signs. In each of the four files, where the offender did not remember being offered, the assessment form did indicate he was offered follow up service and where he signed the document.

Sergeant Loera also stated if the risk assessment or other information made available denotes that the offender had previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, staff offers a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening as well. This practice was also confirmed by Mental Health.

The Safe Prison PREA Plan mandates that all information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting is strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff, as necessary, to allow for informed decisions for treatment plans, security and management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law. Sergeant Loera, Unit Safe Prison PREA Manager and the medical practitioner interviews indicated all information is shared only on a need to know basis.

Standard 115.82: Access to emergency medical and mental health services

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.82 (a)

- Do inmate victims of sexual abuse receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by
medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment?  
☐ Yes  ☒ No

115.82 (b)

- If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent sexual abuse is made, do security staff first responders take preliminary steps to protect the victim pursuant to § 115.62?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No
- Do security staff first responders immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

115.82 (c)

- Are inmate victims of sexual abuse offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

115.82 (d)

- Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?  ☒ Yes  ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☒ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

☒ Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

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The United Texas Medical Branch (UTMB) provides medical and mental health services to the offenders at the Torre-Ney Complex. Correctional Managed Health Care Policy G-57.1 Sexual Assault/ Sexual Abuse requires every victim of sexual abuse receives timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment.

Interviews with these medical practitioners also confirmed offender victims of sexual abuse are offered timely information about and timely access to sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, typically started at the outside hospital and continued at the complex with treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident.

### Standard 115.83: Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

| 115.83 (a) | Does the facility offer medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all inmates who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility? | x Yes □ No |
| 115.83 (b) | Does the evaluation and treatment of such victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody? | x Yes □ No |
| 115.83 (c) | Does the facility provide such victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care? | x Yes □ No |
| 115.83 (d) | Are inmate victims of sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated offered pregnancy tests? (N/A if all-male facility.) | □ Yes □ No x NA |
| 115.83 (e) | | |
If pregnancy results from the conduct described in paragraph § 115.83(d), do such victims receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawful pregnancy-related medical services? (N/A if all-male facility.) ☐ Yes ☐ No x NA

115.83 (f)

Are inmate victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate? x Yes ☐ No

115.83 (g)

Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident? x Yes ☐ No

115.83 (h)

If the facility is a prison, does it attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known inmate-on-inmate abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners? (NA if the facility is a jail.) x Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

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☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

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The Correctional Managed Health Care Manual policy G-57.1 and the Safe Prisons PREA Plan requires a medical and mental health evaluation and treatment be provided to all offenders who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility.

The Medical and Mental Health Administrator indicated that the evaluation and treatment includes, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody. They both also indicated the policy and practice requires these treatment services be provided to victims without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident.

### DATA COLLECTION AND REVIEW

#### Standard 115.86: Sexual abuse incident reviews

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

**115.86 (a)**
- Does the facility conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded?  
  - x Yes  ☐ No

**115.86 (b)**
- Does such review ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation?  
  - x Yes  ☐ No

**115.86 (c)**
- Does the review team include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners?  
  - x Yes  ☐ No

**115.86 (d)**
- Does the review team: Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse?  
  - x Yes  ☐ No

- Does the review team: Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or other group dynamics at the facility?  
  - x Yes  ☐ No

- Does the review team: Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse?  
  - x Yes  ☐ No
- Does the review team: Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts?  x Yes  □ No

- Does the review team: Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff? x Yes  □ No

- Does the review team: Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.86(d)(1) - (d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the facility head and PREA compliance manager?  x Yes  □ No

115.86 (e)

- Does the facility implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so? x Yes  □ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

□  Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

x  Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

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The Safe Prisons PREA Plan requires an incident review completed on every allegation of sexual abuse alleged to have occurred in any TDCJ facility unless the investigation determined the allegation was unfounded.

The Torres-Ney Complex review team is comprised of the Senior Warden, Assistant Warden, Major, Captain, Unit Safe Prisons/PREA Manager, and as needed line supervisors, investigators, medical, and mental health practitioners.

This team meets every month regardless if there are any cases to review. If they have a case to look at their review includes: (1) A review of the circumstances of the incident; (2) The name(s) of the person(s) involved; (3)
Events leading up to and following the incident; (4) A consideration of whether the actions taken were consistent with agency policies and procedures; (5) Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better detect, or respond to sexual abuse; (6) Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race, ethnicity, gender identity, lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status, gang affiliation, or was motivated or otherwise caused by other group dynamics at the facility; (7) An examination of the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse; (8) An assessment of the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts; (9) An assessment as to whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff; (10) Recommendations to the facility administrator and Unit Safe Prisons/PREA Manager for improvements based on the above assessments. The Safe Prisons PREA Plan requires the facility to implement all recommendations that result from this review, or document the reasons for not doing so. Sexual abuse incident reviews were completed on eleven (11) cases at the Complex determined unsubstantiated. The administrative incident review team reports were included in the investigation files for review.

The Warden, PREA Manager and Incident Review Team Member during their interviews indicated that the review also considers staffing, offender movement, area blind spots, review of the incident area, building schedules, training records of the involved staff, and whether camera enhancements could supplement supervision during the review.

**Standard 115.87: Data collection**

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard 115.87 (a)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Does the agency collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions?</td>
<td>x Yes ☐ No</td>
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<th>Standard 115.87 (b)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Does the agency aggregate the incident-based sexual abuse data at least annually?</td>
<td>x Yes ☐ No</td>
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<th>Standard 115.87 (c)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Does the incident-based data include, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice?</td>
<td>x Yes ☐ No</td>
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<tr>
<th>Standard 115.87 (d)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Does the agency maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews?</td>
<td>x Yes ☐ No</td>
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<tr>
<th>Standard 115.87 (e)</th>
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Has the agency also obtained incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its inmates? (N/A if the agency does not contract for the confinement of its inmates.)

☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

115.87 (f)

Has the agency, upon request, provided all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30? (N/A if DOJ has not requested agency data.)

☐ Yes  ☐ No  ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

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☐ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

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The Safe Prisons PREA Plan and the Safe Prisons PREA Operations Manual require each facility, including the Torres-Ney Complex, to collect data for every incident of sexual abuse alleged to have occurred in the facility using the standardized DOJ instrument, Survey of Sexual Violence (SSV) 2012 and the set of definitions found in the Safe Prisons PREA Plan. The policy also requires the incident-based sexual abuse data to be aggregated annually and must include the information required by the Department of Justice in the standardized form Survey of Sexual Violence (SSV) 2012. The policy also requires that all available incident-based documents including any reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews be maintained, reviewed, and collected as needed to complete the SSV.

The Agency and the PREA Ombudsman aggregate this incident-based sexual abuse data that is produced annually by each facility. The 2015 Safe Prisons /PREA Annual Report is available for review on the agency’s website. The auditor reviewed the 2014 SSV, 2015 SSV and annual report as part of the audit process.

Standard 115.88: Data review for corrective action

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report
115.88 (a)

- Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Identifying problem areas? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Taking corrective action on an ongoing basis? x Yes ☐ No

- Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Preparing an annual report of its findings and corrective actions for each facility, as well as the agency as a whole? x Yes ☐ No

115.88 (b)

- Does the agency’s annual report include a comparison of the current year’s data and corrective actions with those from prior years and provide an assessment of the agency’s progress in addressing sexual abuse x Yes ☐ No

115.88 (c)

- Is the agency’s annual report approved by the agency head and made readily available to the public through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means? x Yes No

115.88 (d)

- Does the agency indicate the nature of the material redacted where it redacts specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility? x Yes ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

X Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)
Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

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The Safe Prisons PREA Plan requires that TDCJ review data collected from each of its facilities in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of their sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, procedures, and training. It also requires that the Agency identify problematic areas, taking corrective action and prepare an annual report of findings and corrective actions for each facility. The responsibility to collect, aggregate and analyze this data is with the PREA Ombudsman and the Safe Prisons PREA Management Office.

Responsibilities include: collecting statistics regarding allegations of sexual assault, sexual contact, and staff sexual misconduct from each TDCJ facility; preparing monthly and semiannual activity reports for distribution to the Texas Board of Criminal (TBCJ) Justice Chairman, TBCJ members, and TBCJ Executive Management; ensuring the TBCJ Chairman and TDCJ Executive Management are informed of any problematic and/or systemic trends.

The 2015 annual report was reviewed as part of the audit process. Interviews with the Unit Safe Prisons PREA Manager and Senior Warden and a review of the facility’s monthly reports to the Region demonstrated the data collection process and corrective actions reviews are performed by the Torres-Ney Complex.

Standard 115.89: Data storage, publication, and destruction

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.89 (a)  
- Does the agency ensure that data collected pursuant to § 115.87 are securely retained?  
  x Yes  □ No

115.89 (b)  
- Does the agency make all aggregated sexual abuse data, from facilities under its direct control and private facilities with which it contracts, readily available to the public at least annually through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?  
  x Yes  □ No

115.89 (c)  
- Does the agency remove all personal identifiers before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available?  
  x Yes  □ No
115.89 (d)

- Does the agency maintain sexual abuse data collected pursuant to § 115.87 for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection, unless Federal, State, or local law requires otherwise?  
  x Yes  □ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

□ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

X Meets Standard (Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)

□ Does Not Meet Standard (Requires Corrective Action)

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The Safe Prisons/PREA Plan requires TDCJ maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews including incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its offenders. This aggregate data is available to the public through the agency's website and included in the PREA Ombudsman annual report. The 2015 Safe Prisons/PREA Annual Report is available on the website for review. Prior to publishing the annual report, all personal identifiers are removed.

The State of Texas Record Retention Schedule indicates records involving offender investigation case files and criminal investigations are permanently maintained electronically.

AUDITING AND CORRECTIVE ACTION

Standard 115.401: Frequency and scope of audits

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.401 (a)
During the three-year period starting on August 20, 2013, and during each three-year period thereafter, did the agency ensure that each facility operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited at least once? (N/A before August 20, 2016.)
☐ Yes  x No  ☐ NA

115.401 (b)

During each one-year period starting on August 20, 2013, did the agency ensure that at least one-third of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited? ☐ Yes  x No

115.401 (h)

Did the auditor have access to, and the ability to observe, all areas of the audited facility?  
 x Yes  ☐ No

115.401 (i)

Was the auditor permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information)?  
 x Yes  ☐ No

115.401 (m)

Was the auditor permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees?  
 x Yes  ☐ No

115.401 (n)

Were inmates permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel?  
 x Yes  ☐ No

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard *(Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)*

☐ Meets Standard *(Substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the standard for the relevant review period)*

X Does Not Meet Standard *(Requires Corrective Action)*
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Type text here…

Standard 115.403: Audit contents and findings

All Yes/No Questions Must Be Answered by the Auditor to Complete the Report

115.403 (f)

- The agency has published on its agency website, if it has one, or has otherwise made publicly available, all Final Audit Reports within 90 days of issuance by auditor. The review period is for prior audits completed during the past three years PRECEDING THIS AGENCY AUDIT. In the case of single facility agencies, the auditor shall ensure that the facility’s last audit report was published. The pendency of any agency appeal pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 115.405 does not excuse noncompliance with this provision. (N/A if there have been no Final Audit Reports issued in the past three years, or in the case of single facility agencies that there has never been a Final Audit Report issued.) x Yes ☐ No ☐ NA

Auditor Overall Compliance Determination

☐ Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standards)

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not meet the standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

All audits are available on the agency web site.
I certify that:

The contents of this report are accurate to the best of my knowledge.

No conflict of interest exists with respect to my ability to conduct an audit of the agency under review, and

I have not included in the final report any personally identifiable information (PII) about any inmate or staff member, except where the names of administrative personnel are specifically requested in the report template.

Auditor Instructions:

Type your full name in the text box below for Auditor Signature. This will function as your official electronic signature. Auditors must deliver their final report to the PREA Resource Center as a searchable PDF format to ensure accessibility to people with disabilities. Save this report document into a PDF format prior to submission.1 Auditors are not permitted to submit audit reports that have been scanned.2 See the PREA Auditor Handbook for a full discussion of audit report formatting requirements.

Thomas Eisenschmidt November 3, 2017
Auditor Signature Date

1 See additional instructions here: https://support.office.com/en-us/article/Save-or-convert-to-PDF-d85416c5-7d77-4fd6-a216-6f4bf7c7c110.