

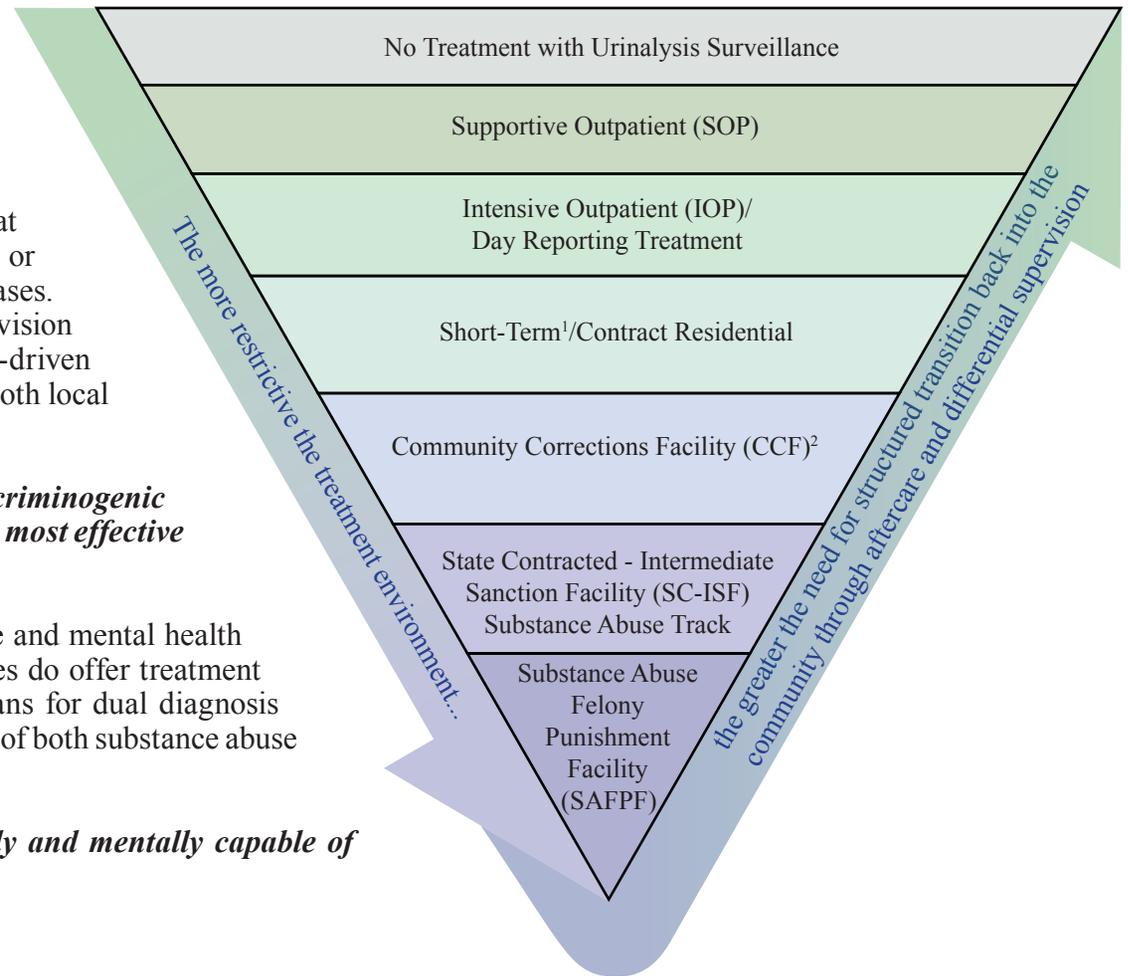
Continuum of Care for Substance Abuse Treatment

The Continuum of Care for Substance Abuse Treatment is a statewide model for intervention with probationers who have substance abuse problems. Evidence-based practices indicate that interventions should be driven by individual assessment, and that appropriate treatment should be done in the least restrictive setting available to meet the probationer's criminogenic needs. Research has found that recidivism actually increased when intensive supervision or treatment was applied in low risk, low substance abuse needs cases. Therefore, it is important for Judges and Community Supervision and Corrections Departments (CSCDs) to develop assessment-driven progressive treatment and sanctions models that incorporate both local and state treatment programs.

An assessment of an individual's risk to reoffend and his/her criminogenic needs is the most important tool available in determining the most effective course of treatment.

All probationers should be screened for both substance abuse and mental health problems. Some of the programs listed on the following pages do offer treatment for dual diagnosis probationers. Individualized treatment plans for dual diagnosis probationers should include plans for the concurrent treatment of both substance abuse and mental health problems.

Probationers referred to these programs must be physically and mentally capable of participating in and benefiting from these programs.



Definitions

Substance Abuse	Any pattern of substance use that results in repeated adverse social consequences related to drug-taking (for example, interpersonal conflicts, failure to meet work, family, or school obligations, or legal problems).
Substance Dependence	A pattern of use of alcohol, drugs, or other substances, with tolerance and/or withdrawal symptoms, drug-seeking behavior, and lack of success in discontinuation of use - to the detriment of social, interpersonal, and occupational activities (commonly known as addiction).
Withdrawal	Those side effects experienced by a person who has become physically dependent on a substance, upon decreasing the substance's dosage or discontinuing its use.

¹Short Term Residential : A treatment term of 30 days or less in a residential substance abuse treatment program, including but no limited to a private program, contract residential treatment program, regional drug abuse halfway house funded thru the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS), or a relapse track return to the original CCF.

²Community Corrections Facilities (CCFs) : Not all CSCD-operated CCFs provide substance abuse treatment. The two types of CCFs providing primarily substance abuse treatment are Court Residential Treatment Centers (CRTCs) and Substance Abuse Treatment Facilities (SATFs). For information regarding specific CCF programs and placement of probationers in these programs, please contact the CSCD operating the facility. For a statewide list of CCFs, you may contact the TDCJ-CJAD Director of Residential Services at 512-305-9300.

SOP
Intake Criteria
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assess mental health/Check Care System 2. Low or Medium Risk 3. Substance abuse screening/evaluation indicates abuse or possible dependence 4. Misdemeanor or Felony 5. Stable accomodation/support 6. Access to transportation
Program Information
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7. Non-secure, community based environment 8. Meet vendor criteria (if applicable)
Aftercare
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 9. AA/NA or Supportive Programming

IOP/ Day Reporting Treatment
Intake Criteria
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assess mental health/Check Care System 2. Medium or High Risk 3. Substance abuse evaluation indicates abuse or dependence 4. Misdemeanor or Felony 5. Stable accommodation/support 6. Access to transportation
Program Information
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 7. Secure Environment: Low 8. Meet vendor criteria (if applicable) 9. May include dual diagnosis
Aftercare
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10. AA/NA, specialized caseload, other local programs

Short-Term/Contract Residential
Intake Criteria
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assess mental health/Check Care System 2. Medium or High Risk 3. Substance abuse evaluation indicates dependence 4. Felony (Misdemeanor eligibility determined locally) 5. Some facilities accept Title V offenses
Program Information
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. Secure Environment: Medium (Structured Environment) 7. Programs will vary 8. Length: 1 – 12 months
Aftercare
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 9. Supportive outpatient 10. Consider reentry drug court 11. AA/NA, specialized caseload, other local programs

Substance Abuse Treatment Options

SAFPF
Intake Criteria
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assess mental health/Check Care System 2. High risk or risk to abscond or history of treatment failure 3. Substance abuse evaluation indicates dependence 4. Felony only, sex offenders excluded 5. Medically eligible
Program Information
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. Secure Environment: High 7. Length: 6-9 months facility 8. Relapse component
Aftercare
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 9. Transitional Treatment Center/4Cs Program³ 10. Consider reentry drug court 11. SAFP aftercare, if SAFP aftercare not available SOP

SC-ISF Substance Abuse Track
Intake Criteria
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assess mental health/Check Care System 2. Medium to High Risk or risk to abscond 3. Substance abuse evaluation indicates dependence 4. Felony only, no offense restrictions 5. May include dual diagnosis
Program Information
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. Secure Environment: High 7. Length: Up to 90 days 8. Relapse component
Aftercare
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 9. Supportive outpatient 10. AA/NA, specialized caseload, other local programs

CCF
Intake Criteria
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Assess mental health/Check Care System 2. Medium or High Risk 3. Substance abuse evaluation indicates dependence 4. Felony (up to 20% misdemeanors eligible) 5. Some facilities accept Title V offenses 6. Meets local facility requirements 7. May include dual diagnosis
Program Information
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 8. Secure Environment: Medium/High (Structured Environment) 9. Length: 3-9 months (varies by facility)
Aftercare
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10. Supportive outpatient 11. Consider reentry drug court 12. AA/NA, specialized caseload, other local programs

³ 4Cs Program (CSCD Community Continuum of Care): Local programs administered by CSCDs, with the approval of TDCJ, as an aftercare alternative to the SAFP Transitional Treatment Center.

Suggested Responses to Substance Abuse Related Violations

	Initial Placement	1 st	2 nd	3 rd
LOW RISK	No Treatment with Urinalysis Surveillance	(1) SOP	(1) Consider Re-Assessing Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) IOP	(1) Definitely Re-Assess Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) IOP or Short-Term Residential
	SOP	(1) IOP	(1) Consider Re-Assessing Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) Relapse Group or Short-Term Residential	(1) Definitely Re-Assess Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) Short-Term Residential or CCF
	IOP/ Day Reporting Treatment	(1) If relapse within ➤ 0 to 6 months: Short-Term Residential ➤ 6 months or more: Relapse Group	(1) Consider Re-Assessing Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) Short-Term Residential	(1) Definitely Re-Assess Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) CCF
	Short-Term/Contract Residential	(1) If relapse within ➤ < 30 days: Short-Term Return to Relapse ➤ 1 to 6 months: CCF ➤ 6 months or more: Relapse Group	(1) Consider Re-Assessing Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) CCF, or ISF-Substance Abuse Track	(1) Definitely Re-Assess Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) ISF-Substance Abuse Track or SAFPF
	CCF	(1) If relapse within ➤ < 30 days: Short-Term CCF Readmission ➤ 1 to 6 months: Short-Term Residential ➤ 6 months or more: SOP or IOP	(1) Consider Re-Assessing Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) Short-Term Residential	(1) Definitely Re-Assess Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) Short-Term Residential or SC-ISF Substance Abuse Track
HIGH RISK	SC-ISF Substance Abuse Track	(1) If relapse within ➤ < 30 days: 45 Day Relapse Track ➤ 1 to 6 months: Short-Term Residential ➤ 6 months or more: Intensive IOP	(1) Consider Re-Assessing Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) If relapse within ➤ 1 to 6 Months: SAFPF ➤ 6 months or more: Short-Term Residential	(1) Definitely Re-Assess Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) SAFPF, followed by participation in a Re-Entry Court
	SAFPF	(1) Consider Re-Assessing Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) Refer to TDCJ-CJAD SAFPF Relapse Continuum, followed by participation in a Re-Entry Court	(1) Consider Re-Assessing Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) SC-ISF Substance Abuse Relapse Track, followed by participation in a Re-Entry Court	(1) Definitely Re-Assess Risk and Mental Health Needs (2) Return to SAFPF, followed by participation in a Re-Entry Court